AGREEMENT

between the

STATE OF NEW YORK -UNIFIED COURT SYSTEM

and

THE COMMUNICATIONS WORKERS OF AMERICA AFL-CIO, ON BEHALF OF ITS LOCAL 1180

2011-2016

THE COMMUNICATION WORKERS OF AMERICA, AFL-CIO, ON BEHALF OF ITS LOCAL 1180

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AGREEMENT

AGREEMENT made by and between the State of New York-Unified Court System (hereafter referred to as the State) and The Communications Workers of America, AFL-CIO, on behalf of its Local 1180 (hereafter referred to as the Union). The term "employees" shall hereafter refer to employees within the negotiating unit as defined in Article 1 of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 1

RECOGNITION

The State, pursuant to Article 14 of the Civil Service Law (Public Employees' Fair Employment Act), recognizes the Communications Workers of America, AFL-CIO, on behalf of its Local 1180 as the exclusive representative for collective negotiations with respect to salaries, wages, hours and other terms and conditions of employment for all full-time and part-time employees whose job title or position is set forth in Appendix A attached hereto or successor titles.

ARTICLE 2

STATEMENT OF POLICY AND PURPOSE

- 2.1 It is the policy of the State to continue harmonious and cooperative relationships with its employees and to insure the orderly and uninterrupted operations of government. This policy is effectuated by the provisions of the Public Employees' Fair Employment Act granting public employees the rights of organization and collective representation concerning the determination of the terms and conditions of their employment.
- 2.2 The State and the Union now desire to enter into an agreement reached through collective negotiations which will have for its purposes, among others, the following:

- (a) To recognize the legitimate interests of the employees of the State to participate through collective negotiations in the determination of the terms and conditions of their employment.
 - (b) To promote fair and reasonable working conditions.
 - (c) To promote individual efficiency and service to the citizens of the State.
 - (d) To avoid interruption or interference with the efficient operation of the State's business.
- (e) To provide a basis for the adjustment of matters of mutual interest by means of amicable discussion.

ARTICLE 3

UNCHALLENGED REPRESENTATION

The State and the Union agree, pursuant to Section 208 of the Civil Service Law, that the Union shall have unchallenged representation status for the maximum period permitted by law on the date of execution of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 4

EMPLOYEE ORGANIZATION RIGHTS

- 4.1 Exclusive Right to Negotiate. The Union shall have the exclusive right to negotiate with respect to salaries, wages, hours, and other terms and conditions of employment on behalf of those employees it represents under this Agreement and the State shall not negotiate or meet with any other employee organization with reference to terms and conditions of employment of employees represented by the Union under this Agreement.
- 4.2 **Payroll Deduction.** The Union shall have exclusive payroll deduction of membership dues and insurance premiums with this privilege accorded to no other employee organization. Payroll deductions shall also be provided without service charge for savings and loans to credit unions, for

CWA savings plans as authorized by an employee and in accordance with the Rules of the Comptroller. Further, to the extent allowed by law, payroll deductions shall also be provided without service charge for approved Individual Retirement Accounts and Deferred Compensation Programs as authorized in writing by an employee and in accordance with the Rules of the Comptroller.

Subject to the consent and agreement of the State Comptroller, employees shall be allowed to participate in a program established in accordance with §200.4 of the State Finance Law for the "direct deposit" of an employee's paycheck to a bank or other financial institution designated by the Comptroller.

4.3 Bulletin Boards.

- (a) The State shall provide a reasonable amount of exclusive bulletin board space in an accessible place in each area occupied by a substantial number of employees for the purpose of posting bulletins, notices and material issued by the Union which shall be signed by a designated official of the Union. Where practicable, the bulletin boards shall be glass enclosed. No material shall be posted which is defamatory of the State or its representatives, or which constitutes election campaign material for or against any person, organization or faction thereof. Until such time as a bona fide representation petition has been filed with the Public Employment Relations Board, no other employee organization, except employee organizations which have been certified or recognized as the representative for collective negotiations for other State employees employed at such locations, shall have the right to post material upon State bulletin boards.
- (b) The number and location of bulletin boards as well as arrangements with reference to placing material thereon and removing material therefrom shall be subject to mutual understandings,

provided, however, that any material objected to by the State shall be removed, which removal may be contested pursuant to the contract grievance procedure provided for herein.

- 4.4 Meeting Space. Where there is appropriate available meeting space in buildings owned or leased by the State, the Union will be accorded the privilege of using such space for specific meetings subject to the consent of the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee, provided that there is no extra-ordinary expense incurred by the State in the furnishing of such space, and written request for the use of such space is made in advance to the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) as set forth above.
- 4.5 Access to Employees. The Union shall, on an exclusive basis, have access during working hours to employees it represents, to consult regarding membership services and programs under mutually developed arrangements with the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee. Any such arrangements shall insure that such access shall not interfere with work duties or performance and shall be reasonably controlled.
- 4.6 **Employee Lists.** The State shall furnish to the Union, without charge, upon written request, but not more than quarterly, information showing the name, title, home address, negotiating unit designation, social security number, payroll agency, title, salary and work location, if and when available, of all unit employees. The State shall provide to the Union a monthly list of new employees' names and work locations.

4.7 Employee Organization Leave.

(a) The Union shall designate at least quarterly, in writing, those employees who are authorized to take employee organization leave. The Deputy Director for Labor Relations shall establish

uniform procedures regarding the maintenance and submission of monthly reports of employee organization leave.

- (b) Individuals duly designated by the Union shall be permitted to perform the following functions without loss of pay or other employee benefits, except as limited by Section 4.7(c):
- (1) To investigate grievances, assist in their early resolution, and to process them at all levels of the grievance procedure.
- (2) To participate in meetings of the Labor/Management Committee and the Labor/Management Subcommittees.
- (3) To meet or confer with the Chief Administrative Judge or any of his/her representatives on matters affecting labor/management relations, where such meetings or conferences have been previously approved by the Chief Administrative Judge.
- (4) To negotiate, prepare for negotiations, or confer with the Deputy Director for Labor Relations or his/her representative, and to participate in fact-finding or other collective bargaining impasse procedures.
- (5) To confer with and/or appear before PERB, Department of Audit and Control, New York State Employees Retirement System, and the Civil Service Commission on matters which may have any effect on labor/management relations.
- (6) To confer with and/or appear before any Federal wage regulatory agency or Occupational Health and Safety Commission.
- (7) To attend award, honor, graduating and promotional ceremonies as employee representatives, provided that no more than ten workdays in any calendar year are used for such purposes.

- (8) To attend funerals and memorial services for employees who are killed in the line of duty (officers of the Union and an honor guard and such others as the Deputy Director for Labor Relations may approve).
- (9) To engage in any other activity which may be approved by the Deputy Director for Labor Relations consistent with the conduct of labor/management relations.
- (10) To attend meetings as a trustee of Union Benefits Fund, up to four such meetings per year.
- (11) Subject to the reasonable operating needs of the court or court-related agency no more than ten employees will be granted up to five days plus travel time in any calendar year for the purpose of attending Union conferences, seminars or workshops, and to appear before and confer with members of the Legislature. Travel time shall mean actual and necessary travel time not to exceed five hours each way.
- (12) Conferences with counsel to prepare for trial or a hearing or attendance as a witness in an action commenced by or against the Union concerning a claimed violation of the interpretation of this Agreement or a reclassification of employees.
- (13) Subject to reasonable operating needs, the Union shall be granted up to one hour to meet with new employees, in the first six months of service, during working hours to explain Union services, programs and benefits.
- (c) Individuals duly designated and authorized in writing by the Union shall be granted employee organization leave for time actually spent performing appropriate employee relations functions as specified in Section 4.7(b), provided that effective April 1, 2011 such time shall not exceed 4.5 hours per represented employee per year based on the average number of employees in

the bargaining unit, computed on a quarterly basis, in the preceding fiscal year and, provided further, that effective April 1, 2011, unused time shall be carried over from one fiscal year to the next. If employee organization leave is utilized beyond such amount, the Union shall have 30 days to determine whether to repay such amount to the State in cash as provided below or through a charge to the accrued annual leave credits or compensatory time credits of the employee who was absent from work performing such appropriate employee relations functions. Provided, however, that if an employee does not have sufficient annual leave or compensatory time credits to cover such absence from work, appropriate deductions shall be taken from subsequent paychecks. Provided further, however, that if the Union chooses to reimburse the State in cash for such excess time used, such payment shall be based on the hourly rate of the individual for whom such reimbursement is made including an additional payment of 30% of such rate representing the value of fringe benefits. Such reimbursement by the Union shall be made within 30 days after the State has notified the Union by certified mail that a deficit exists. If the Union fails to make such cash payment within 30 days and the Union has not notified the State that a dispute exists concerning the amount of employee organization leave due and owing, the State shall make an appropriate deduction from the affected employee's leave credits or subsequent paychecks. The hourly rate shall be determined by dividing an employee's basic annual salary plus any additional compensation payable because of hours of work or location by 1,827. If the Union notifies the State within 30 days that a dispute exists concerning the amount of employee organization leave due and owing, then the Union must simultaneously notify the State whether it chooses to place the disputed amount of cash or leave credits in escrow pending resolution of the dispute by arbitration pursuant to Article 17 of the Agreement. The Union may elect to place a certified check for the full disputed amount in an escrow account which the State selects. If the Union does not make a timely election when it notifies the State within 30 days of notification of the overage of a dispute, the State will automatically freeze the disputed amount of leave credits of affected employees. Such leave credits cannot be used by affected employees while frozen and such leave credits will not be released until there is a final resolution of the dispute.

In scheduling the use of employee organization leave time for such appropriate employee relations functions, the State shall use its best efforts to accommodate authorized requests for employee organization leave.

ARTICLE 5

MANAGEMENT RIGHTS

- 5.1 Management Rights. Except as expressly limited by other provisions of this Agreement, all of the authority, rights and responsibilities possessed by the State are retained by it, including but not limited to, the right to determine the facilities, methods, means and number of personnel required for the conduct of State Judiciary programs; to administer the Merit System, including the examination, selection, recruitment, hiring, appraisal, training, retention, promotion, assignment or transfer of employees pursuant to law; to direct, deploy and utilize the work force; to establish specifications for each class of positions and to classify or reclassify and to allocate or reallocate new or existing positions in accordance with law, and to discipline or discharge employees in accordance with law and the provisions of this Agreement.
- 5.2 Delivery of services in the most efficient, effective and courteous manner is of paramount importance to the State and the Union. Such achievement is recognized to be a mutual obligation of

both parties within their respective roles and responsibilities. To achieve and maintain a high level of effectiveness, the parties hereby agree to the following terms:

- (a) **Performance Levels.** The Union recognizes the State's right to establish and/or revise performance standards or norms notwithstanding the existence of prior performance levels, norms or standards. Notwithstanding the above, questions concerning the practical impact that decisions on the above matters have on employees are within the scope of collective bargaining. The State will give the Union prior notice of the establishment and/or revision of performance standards or norms hereunder.
- (b) **Supervisory Responsibility.** The Union recognizes the State's right to establish and/or revise standards for supervisory responsibility in achieving and maintaining performance levels of supervised employees for employees in supervisory positions. Notwithstanding the above, questions concerning the practical impact that decisions on the above matters have on employees are within the scope of collective bargaining. The State will give the Union prior notice of the establishment and/or revision of standards for supervisory responsibility hereunder.

ARTICLE 6

NO STRIKES

- 6.1 The Union shall not engage in a strike, nor cause, instigate, encourage or condone a strike.
- 6.2 The Union shall exert its best efforts to prevent and terminate any strike.
- 6.3 Nothing contained in this Agreement shall be construed to limit the rights, remedies or duties of the State or the rights, remedies or duties of the Union or employees under State law.

ARTICLE 7

COMPENSATION

- 7.1 The State and the Union shall prepare, secure introduction, and recommend passage by the Legislature of such legislation as may be appropriate and necessary to provide the benefits described in this Article.
- 7.2 The lag payroll shall continue. Repayment of such lagged salary shall be made when an employee leaves State service. The employee's final salary check shall be paid at the employee's then-current salary rate and shall be issued at the end of the payroll period next following the payroll period in which service is discontinued.

7.3 Performance Evaluation.

(a) The State shall utilize a performance evaluation system for all employees. All increments and longevity bonuses will be conditioned on ratings pursuant to the performance evaluation system as provided herein. Such performance evaluation system shall provide for an annual final employee performance review by a supervisor. A mid-year review may also be held for employees who have received a rating that was other than meets job requirements during the previous rating period. Additional informal reviews are encouraged. No increment or longevity bonus normally due under Section 37 of the Judiciary Law and provided for in this Agreement or under Section 7.9 shall be released unless an employee receives a final annual rating other than unsatisfactory under the State's performance evaluation system. An employee will receive a copy of the performance evaluation form. An unsatisfactory rating in one year will not be a bar to increments or longevity bonuses in future years, if eligible.

(b) A written appeal of an unsatisfactory performance evaluation review shall be made within ten workdays of the receipt of the final performance evaluation form. Such appeal shall be made on a form acceptable to the State and the Union to a panel to be composed of one Union representative, one management representative and one third-party neutral to be designated by agreement of the parties. The panel shall review whether the unsatisfactory performance evaluation was a reasonable determination by the supervisor considering the performance evaluation form and the written appeal form. The panel may determine, in its discretion, that additional information, oral argument or witnesses are necessary to make an adequate review. The panel shall determine in writing by March 1 whether the unsatisfactory rating shall be sustained or denied. Such decision shall be final and binding and unreviewable in any forum. The procedure herein shall not apply to probationary employees.

7.4 Effective April 1, 2011, or on a different day of the biweekly period for administrative convenience as provided for in Section 200(1) of the State Finance Law, each graded employee eligible for an increment pursuant to Section 37 of the Judiciary Law whose performance is rated higher than unsatisfactory shall receive such increment based on the salary schedule in effect on March 31, 2011, added to basic annual salary. An employee must have served the equivalent of 120 full-workdays in the fiscal year to receive such increment.

7.5 Effective April 1, 2012, or on a different day of the biweekly period for administrative convenience as provided for in Section 200(1) of the State Finance Law, each graded employee eligible for an increment pursuant to Section 37 of the Judiciary Law whose performance is rated higher than unsatisfactory shall receive such increment based on the salary schedule in effect on

March 31, 2012, added to basic annual salary. An employee must have served the equivalent of 120 full-workdays in the fiscal year to receive such increment.

7.6 Effective April 1, 2013, or on a different day of the biweekly period for administrative convenience as provided for in Section 200(1) of the State Finance Law, each graded employee eligible for an increment pursuant to Section 37 of the Judiciary Law, whose performance is rated higher than unsatisfactory, shall receive such increment, based on the salary schedule in effect on March 31, 2013, added to basic annual salary. An employee must have served the equivalent of 120 full-workdays in the fiscal year to receive such increment.

7.7(a) Effective April 1, 2014, or on a different day of the biweekly period for administrative convenience as provided for in Section 200(1) of the State Finance Law, each graded employee eligible for an increment pursuant to Section 37 of the Judiciary Law, whose performance is rated higher than unsatisfactory, shall receive such increment, based on the salary schedule in effect on March 31, 2014, added to basic annual salary. An employee must have served the equivalent of 120 full-workdays in the fiscal year to receive such increment.

- (b) Each employee who is in active status upon ratification of this Agreement, shall receive a one-time lump sum payment of \$1,000 (prorated for employees working less than full time at the time of payment), which shall not be part of basic annual salary but shall be pensionable.
- (c) Effective October 1, 2014, or on a different day of the biweekly period for administrative convenience as provided for in Section 200(1) of the State Finance Law, the basic annual salary of each employee on October 1, 2014, will be increased by 2% or \$1,000, whichever is greater. Such percentage increase shall be added to the salary schedule.

7.8(a) Effective April 1, 2015, or on a different day of the biweekly period for administrative convenience as provided for in Section 200(1) of the State Finance Law, each graded employee eligible for an increment pursuant to Section 37 of the Judiciary Law, whose performance is rated higher than unsatisfactory, shall receive such increment, based on the salary schedule in effect on March 31, 2015, added to basic annual salary. An employee must have served the equivalent of 120 full-workdays in the fiscal year to receive such increment.

(b) Effective April 1, 2015, or on a different day of the biweekly period for administrative convenience as provided for in Section 200(1) of the State Finance Law, the basic annual salary of each employee on April 1, 2015, will be increased by 2% or \$1,000, whichever is greater. Such percentage increase shall be added to the salary schedule.

7.9 Location Pay.

Effective April 1 of each year, the State shall pay, in addition to basic annual salary, a location differential of \$3,697 per annum (prorated for employees working less than full time) to each employee assigned to a workstation in the City of New York.

7.10 Longevity Bonus.

(a)(1) Effective April 1 of each year, an employee who has at least 20 years of continuous service in the Unified Court System and who has served the equivalent of 120 workdays in each fiscal year for which eligibility is being determined, shall receive an annual payment of \$1900 (prorated for employees working less than full time at the time of payment) which payment shall not be added to basic annual salary but which shall be pensionable. For the purpose of this section, a break in continuous service shall not include a leave of absence without pay nor shall it include a resignation followed by re-employment within one year.

- (a)(2) Effective April 1 of each year, an employee who has at least 25 years of continuous service in the Unified Court System and who has served the equivalent of 120 workdays in each fiscal year for which eligibility is being determined, shall receive an annual payment of \$2000 (prorated for employees working less than full time at the time of payment) which payment shall not be added to basic annual salary but which shall be pensionable. For the purpose of this section, a break in continuous service shall not include a leave of absence without pay nor shall it include a resignation followed by re-employment within one year.
- (a)(3) Effective April 1 of each year, an employee who has at least 30 years of continuous service in the Unified Court System and who has served the equivalent of 120 workdays in each fiscal year for which eligibility is being determined, shall receive an annual payment of \$2,100 (prorated for employees working less than full time at the time of payment) which payment shall not be added to basic annual salary but which shall be pensionable. For the purpose of this section, a break in continuous service shall not include a leave of absence without pay nor shall it include a resignation followed by re-employment within one year.

7.11 Shift Differential. There shall be a shift differential of ten percent for all employees covered by this Agreement for regularly scheduled hours worked between 6 p.m. and 8 a.m. with more than one hour between 6 p.m. and 8 a.m.

An employee receiving overtime compensation (cash or compensatory time) shall not receive a shift differential for such work, but shall receive overtime pay or compensatory time if eligible under Article 10.

ARTICLE 8

HEALTH INSURANCE

- 8.1 The State shall continue to provide health and prescription drug benefits administered by the Department of Civil Service. Employees enrolled in such plans shall receive health and prescription drug benefits to the same extent, at the same contribution level and in the same form and with the same co-payment structure that applies to the majority of represented Executive Branch employees.
- 8.2 The joint committee composed of representatives from the State and all unions representing nonjudicial employees of the Unified Court System shall continue. This committee shall investigate and make recommendations concerning health insurance-related issues including the elimination or duplication of State-provided and Welfare Fund benefits, the restructuring of benefits or additional benefits, provided such recommendations shall not increase the total cost of such benefits to the State, and the establishment of short-term and long-term disability insurance programs and wellness programs. This committee shall meet as necessary, but not less than twice a year, and shall review all health plan-related matters such as experience of utilization of benefits and premium increases, at meetings specifically scheduled for this purpose.
- 8.3 **Productivity Enhancement Program.** Employees holding graded positions at or below JG- 16 may exchange either three days (21 hours) of annual leave for a credit up to \$500 or six days (42 hours) of annual leave for credit up to \$1,000. Employees at grade JG-17 up to and including JG-23 may exchange either two days (14 hours) of annual leave for credit up to \$500 or four days (28 hours) of annual leave for credit up to \$1,000. Such credit shall be used to defray the cost of New

York State Health Insurance Program (NYSHIP) premiums on a bi-weekly basis. Election to participate in this program must be made in accordance with the rules established by the New York State Department of Civil Service and such election must take place by November of the calendar year preceding the covered year. Eligibility is limited to employees who will have a minimum balance of eight days (56 hours) after the forfeiture is taken. This program shall be in effect for the term of this Agreement and is subject to continuation at the sole discretion of the New York State Department of Civil Service.

ARTICLE 9

TIME AND LEAVE

9.1 (a) Attendance. The transition to a uniform automated computer-based system for the maintenance and submission of time and attendance records shall continue. Until such transition is complete, current practices regarding time and attendance records shall be continued in those locations where such uniform procedures are not yet implemented.

(b) Tardiness.

- (1) The Administrative Director or his/her designee may establish rules and schedules of penalties for tardiness. Such rules and schedules shall be established after consultation with the Union at Labor/Management Committee meetings. Penalties imposed pursuant to such rules and schedules shall not preclude disciplinary action in cases of excessive tardiness.
- (2) In the event of public transportation difficulties, strikes, severe storms or floods, or similar uncontrollable conditions affecting employees, tardiness may be excused by the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee.

- (3) Lateness caused by a verified major failure of public transportation, such as a widespread or total power failure of significant duration or other catastrophe of similar severity, shall be excused.
 - (4) Employees shall charge tardiness to accrued annual leave on a minute-for-minute basis.
- (c) The Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee shall excuse a reasonable amount of tardiness caused by direct emergency duties of duly authorized volunteer firefighters and volunteer ambulance drivers. In such cases, he/she may require the employee to submit satisfactory evidence that the lateness was due to such emergency duties.

9.2 Annual Leave.

- (a)(1) Effective with the execution date of the Agreement, employees shall be entitled to combined vacation, personal, business and religious holiday leave of 20 days annually and shall be entitled to one additional day for each completed year of continuous service in the Unified Court System up to a maximum of 27 workdays annually. An employee shall not earn annual leave credit for any biweekly pay period unless he/she is in full pay status for at least seven workdays during such biweekly pay period. Annual leave shall be credited on a biweekly basis.
- (2)(a) A part-time, per diem or hourly employee eligible to earn annual leave credits pursuant to Section 9.2(g) shall earn annual leave credits as provided herein, but his/her total pay when absent on such leave shall be the amount which would have been due him/her if he/she had worked his/her usual number of hours or days during such period.
- (b) A leave of absence without pay, or a resignation followed by re-employment in the Unified Court System within one year following such leave of absence or resignation, or time spent on a preferred list while awaiting reinstatement, shall not constitute an interruption of continuous service

for the purpose of this section. However, a leave of absence without pay for more than six months or the period between resignation and re-employment, during which the employee is not in the service of the Unified Court System, shall not be counted in determining eligibility for additional annual leave credits under this section.

- (c) After the anniversary date on which an employee has been credited with seven days of additional annual leave credits, he/she shall thereafter earn annual leave for completed biweekly pay periods at a rate which will equal 27 days for 26 such pay periods.
- (d) No accumulation of annual leave credits in excess of 54 days may be carried from one fiscal year to the next. Any such accumulation in excess of 54 days at the end of the fiscal year shall be converted into sick leave.
- (e) The time at which annual leave may be used by an employee shall be subject to the prior approval of the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee. All requests for use of annual leave shall be initiated by application of the employee on a form provided by the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee.
- (f) As far as practicable, annual leave credits shall be used prior to appointment, promotion, reassignment or transfer to a different court or court-related agency. The court or court-related agency to which an employee is appointed, promoted, reassigned or transferred shall credit him/her with all of his/her accumulated annual leave credits not used prior to such appointment, promotion, reassignment or transfer.
- (g) Part-time Definition. Employees compensated on a part-time, per diem or hourly basis who are employed at least half-time and who are expected by the Administrative Director or his/her designee to be so employed continuously for nine months without a break in service exceeding one

full payroll period shall be eligible to observe holidays and to accrue pro rata annual leave and sick leave subject to the same limitations and restrictions as would apply if they were compensated on an annual salary basis.

- (h) An employee who has completed 25 years of Unified Court System or State service shall be entitled to one additional annual leave day each year.
- (i) An employee who has completed 30 years of Unified Court System or State service shall be entitled to one additional annual leave day each year, in addition to the one additional annual leave day provided in Section 9.2(h).
 - (i) Annual leave accruals shall be used in units of not less than 15 minutes.
- (k) Effective with the execution date of this Agreement, employees entering the service of the Unified Court System shall be entitled to accrue annual leave from their initial date of hire. An employee shall not earn annual leave credit for any biweekly pay period unless he/she is in full pay status for at least seven workdays during such biweekly pay period.
- (1) If an employee's properly submitted request for use of accrued leave credits is denied, the employee shall receive, upon written request, a written statement of the reasons for such denial.
- (m) Service officially credited for annual leave earning rates on April 1, 1977, shall be counted in determining eligibility under (h) and (i) above.
- (n) In the event the State determines that it will recess operations in a particular court or courts for at least four consecutive workdays, it may require employees during such recess to charge up to four days annual leave in each fiscal year.

9.3 Sick Leave.

- (a)(i) Sick leave is absence with pay necessitated by the illness or disability of the employee, including illness or disability caused by pregnancy or childbirth.
- (ii) Effective with the execution of this Agreement, an employee shall be allowed to charge a maximum of 15 days of sick leave in any one calendar year for absences from work in the event of illness of the employee's spouse; domestic partner; natural, foster or step: parent; child; or any relative residing with the employee or an individual for whom the employee is the primary care giver. Such leave is subject to notice to the supervisor in accordance with 9.3(c) and will be used by the employee to enable the employee to care for a family member as defined herein during a time of illness. Sick leave used for this purpose shall be charged separately as part of uniform time and attendance procedures.
- (b) Effective with the execution date of this Agreement, no more than 200 days of sick leave credits may be used for retirement service credit and to pay for health insurance in retirement. An employee shall not earn sick leave credit for any biweekly pay period unless he/she is in full-pay status for at least seven workdays during such biweekly pay period.

A part-time, per diem or hourly employee eligible to earn sick leave credits pursuant to Section 9.2(g) shall earn sick leave credits as provided herein, but his/her total pay when absent on such leave shall be the amount which would have been due him/her if he/she had worked his/her usual number of hours or days for such period.

(c) An employee absent on sick leave shall notify his/her supervisor, or the supervisor's designee if appointed, of such absence and the reason therefor on the day of such absence and within 60 minutes after the beginning of his/her workday; provided, however, that where the work is such that

a substitute may be required, the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee may require earlier notification, but not earlier than two hours prior to the beginning of the employee's workday. The Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) shall waive such notice requirements where he/she has determined that a medical emergency existed which prevented the employee from complying with such notice requirements. Sick leave credits may be used in such units as the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee may approve, but shall not be used in units of less than 15 minutes.

- (d) Before absence for personal illness may be charged against accumulated sick leave credits, the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee may require such proof of illness as may be satisfactory to him/her, or may require the employee to be examined, at the expense of the State, by a physician selected from a panel to be established by the parties. However, the State will not routinely require proof of illness for absences of three days or less. In the event of failure to submit proof of illness upon request, or in the event that, upon such proof as is submitted or upon the report of medical examination, the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee finds that there is not satisfactory evidence of illness sufficient to justify the employee's absence from the performance of his/her duties, such absence may be considered as unauthorized leave and shall not be charged against accumulated sick leave credits. Abuse of sick leave shall be cause for disciplinary action.
- (e) The Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee may require an employee who has been absent because of personal illness, as a condition of his/her return to duty, to submit the Health Care Provider Certification for Employee's Return to Work form, and any other forms currently in use prior to the employee's return to work to establish that the employee

is not disabled from the performance of the employee's normal duties and that the employee's return to duty will not jeopardize the health of other employees. If the medical reports provided by the employee are deemed insufficient, the employee will be notified within five work days and asked to provide additional medical. If the employee does not provide additional medical or the medical provided is deemed insufficient, the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee will make a determination within five work days from the date of receipt of the additional medical as to whether the employee will be examined, at the expense of the State, by a physician designated by the State, to establish if the employee is able to perform his/her normal duties and if the employee's return to duty will not jeopardize the health of other employees. The examination shall be scheduled within twenty work days after a determination is made by the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee to send the employee to be examined by a State physician. If it is determined that the employee needs to be examined by a specialist including a psychiatrist, this examination shall be scheduled within twenty work days from the date the employee is examined by the State physician. A failure by the State to meet the time frames provided in this Section shall not be deemed as authorizing an employee to return to work.

- (f) In addition to personal illness of an employee, personal visits to a doctor, dentist, or other medical practitioner by the employee when approved in advance when practicable by the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee may be charged against accumulated sick leave credits. Proof of the need for such absence, satisfactory to the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee, may be required.
- (g) When an employee is transferred or reassigned, his/her accumulated sick leave credits shall be transferred with him/her. When an employee is separated from service, for other than disciplinary

reasons, and is subsequently reinstated or re-employed within one year after such separation, or is reinstated by action of the Chief Administrative Judge, or is reinstated or re-employed while eligible for reinstatement from a preferred list, his/her sick leave credits accumulated and unused at the time of his/her separation shall be restored.

(h) Charges to an employee's annual leave shall be changed to a charge to sick leave during a period of verified hospitalization. An employee may request that a charge to annual leave be changed to a charge to sick leave during a period of documented verified illness. Such request shall be submitted to the Deputy Director for Labor Relations or his/her designee for final determination.

(i) Incapacitated Employees.

- (1) When there is reason to believe that an employee to whom the disciplinary procedures of this Agreement apply is physically and/or mentally disabled from performing the duties of his/her position, the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) may require such employee to undergo a physical and/or psychiatric examination at the expense of the State, to be conducted by a medical officer selected by the Chief Administrative Judge or his/her designee, to establish whether he/she is able to perform the full duties of his/her position and/or whether his/her continued presence on the job will jeopardize the health and safety of himself/herself or other employees.
- (2) Where the continued presence of an employee on the job represents a potential danger to persons or property or would significantly interfere with operations, the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) may place such employee on an involuntary leave of absence immediately, provided, however, that the employee shall be entitled to draw all accumulated and unused sick leave, annual leave, compensatory time, overtime credits and other time allowances standing to his/her credit. If such employee is finally determined to be physically and mentally fit

to perform the duties of his/her position, he/she shall be restored to his/her position and shall have any leave credits or salary that he/she may have lost because of such involuntary leave of absence restored to him/her, less any compensation he/she may have earned in other employment or occupation and any unemployment benefits he/she may have received during such period.

- (3) An employee who is temporarily disabled from performing the full duties of his/her position may, as far as practicable, be assigned to in-title and related duties in the same title during the period of the employee's disability. If a suitable position is not available, the State may offer the employee any available opportunity for appointment to another title for which the employee is qualified pursuant to applicable rules of the Chief Administrative Judge. If no suitable position is available, and there is no offer of appointment to another title, or the employee refuses such offer, such employee shall be placed on leave and allowed to draw all accumulated and unused sick leave, annual leave, compensatory time, overtime credits and other time allowances standing to his/her credit prior to being placed on leave without pay. An employee who chooses to draw his/her accumulated leave credits under this section shall cease to earn and accrue sick and annual leave credits during that period. An employee placed on leave pursuant to this subsection who is not reinstated within one year after the date of commencement of such leave, may be terminated by the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) and his/her position may be filled by a permanent appointment.
- (4) When an employee who is not permanently incapacitated from performing the duties of his/her position has been absent from and unable to perform the duties of his/her position by reason of sickness or disability either for a consecutive period of one year or more or for a cumulative total of 250 workdays or more within a period of 24 consecutive calendar months and who reasonably

cannot be expected to be able to resume performing his/her duties on a full-time basis shortly thereafter, his/her employment status may be terminated by the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) and his/her position may be filled by a permanent appointment.

- (5) This section shall not be construed to require the extension of any employment beyond the time at which it would otherwise terminate by operation of law, rule or regulation.
- (6)(a) Absent exceptional circumstances, prior to being placed on leave pursuant to Section 9.3(i)(2) or Section 9.3(i)(3) or terminated pursuant to Section 9.3(i)(4), or, under exceptional circumstances, as soon thereafter as reasonably possible, an employee shall be provided with written notice thereof, including written notice of the facts relied on therefor and written notice of the employee's right to appeal the determination and of the procedures for perfecting such appeal. Such notice shall be served in person or by first class, registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, upon the employee and the Union. If such person elects to appeal, he/she shall file a written request for a hearing with the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) within ten workdays from service of the notice of the determination to be reviewed. The request for such hearing shall be filed by the employee personally or by first class, certified or registered mail, return receipt requested.
- (b) Upon receipt of such request, the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) shall supply to the employee or his/her personal physician or authorized representative, copies of all diagnoses, test results, observations and other data supporting the determination, and imposition of the leave or termination shall be held in abeyance until a final determination is made by the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) as provided in Section 9.3(i)(6)(c).

- (c) A hearing shall be held by a hearing officer designated for that purpose by the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts). The hearing officer shall be vested with all the powers of the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts), and shall make a record of the hearing which shall, with his/her recommendation, be referred to the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) for review and decision and which shall be provided to the employee free of charge. The employee shall, upon request, receive a copy of the transcript of the hearing without charge. The employee may be represented at the hearing by counsel or a representative of the Union and may present medical experts and other witnesses or evidence. The burden of proving mental or physical unfitness shall be upon the State. Compliance with technical rules of evidence shall not be required. The Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) will render a final determination and may either uphold the original notice of leave of absence, withdraw such notice or modify the notice as appropriate. A final determination of an employee's request for review shall contain notice to the employee of his/her right to appeal from such determination and of the procedures for perfecting such appeal.
- (d) If such person elects to appeal, he/she shall make application to the Chief Administrative Judge. Such employee shall be afforded an opportunity to present facts and arguments, including medical evidence, in support of his/her position at a time and place and in such manner as may be prescribed by the Chief Administrative Judge. The reviewing authority shall make his/her determination on the basis of the medical records and such facts and arguments as are presented.
- (7) An employee on leave pursuant to Section 9.3(i)(2) or Section 9.3(i)(3) may, within one year of the commencement of such leave, make application to the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) for a medical examination to be conducted by a medical officer selected for that purpose by the Chief Administrative Judge or his/her designee. An employee whose employment

status has been terminated pursuant to Section 9.3(i)(3) or Section 9.3(i)(4), may, within one year after the termination of his/her disability, make application to the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) for a medical examination to be conducted by a medical officer selected for that purpose by the Chief Administrative Judge or his/her designee. If, upon such medical examination, the medical officer shall certify that such person is physically and mentally fit to perform the duties of his/her former position, he/she shall be reinstated to the former position, if vacant, or to a vacancy in a similar position or a position in a lower title in the same occupational field in his/her former promotion unit. If no appropriate vacancy shall exist to which such reinstatement may be made, or if the work load does not warrant the filling of such vacancy, the name of such person shall be placed on a preferred list for his/her former position in his/her former promotion unit, and he/she shall be eligible for reinstatement in such former promotion unit from such preferred list for a period of four years. In the event that such person is reinstated in a position in a title lower than that of his/her former position, his/her name shall be placed on the preferred eligible list for the former position or any similar position in such former promotion unit.

- (8) This section shall not be deemed to modify or supersede any other provisions of law applicable to the re-employment of persons retired from the public service on account of disability.
- (9) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, when an employee's disability permanently incapacitates him/her from performing the duties of his/her position, his/her employment status may be terminated and his/her position may be filled by a permanent appointment. Such employees shall be entitled to due process and hearing as enumerated in Section 9.3(i).

9.4 Workers' Compensation Leave.

- (1)(a) Effective May 4, 1994, employees necessarily absent from duty because of an occupational injury, disease or condition as defined in the Workers' Compensation Law, shall be eligible for a Workers' Compensation Benefit as provided in this Article. Determinations of the Workers' Compensation Board regarding compensability of claims shall be binding upon the parties.
- (b) A workers' compensation injury shall mean any occupational injury, disease or condition found compensable as defined in the Workers' Compensation Law.
- (2)(a) An employee who suffers a compensable occupational injury shall, upon completion of a ten-workday waiting period, be placed on a leave of absence without pay for all absences necessitated by such injury and shall receive the benefit provided by the Workers' Compensation Law except as set forth in this Article.
- (b) An employee necessarily absent for less than a full day in connection with a workers' compensation injury as defined in 9.4(1)(b) due to therapy, a doctor's appointment, or other required continuing treatment, may charge accrued leave for said absences.
- (c) The UCS will make previously authorized payroll deductions for periods the employee is in pay status receiving salary sufficient to permit such deductions. The employee is responsible for making payment for any such deductions during periods of leave without pay, such as those provided in 9.4(2)(a) above.
- (3) An employee required to serve a waiting period pursuant to Subsection 2(a) shall have the option of using accrued leave credits or being placed on leave without pay. Where an employee charged credits, upon receipt of documentation from the State Insurance Fund issuing a credit to the State for the time charged, the employee shall be entitled to restoration of credits charged proportional to the net monetary award credited to the State by the Workers' Compensation Board.

- (4) When annual leave credits are restored pursuant to this Article and such restoration causes the total annual leave credits to exceed 54 days, a period of one year from the date of the return of the credits or the date of return to work, whichever is later, is allowed to reduce the total accumulation to 54 days.
- (5) An employee receiving workers' compensation payments for a period of disability found compensable by the Workers' Compensation Board shall be treated as though on the payroll for the length of the disability not to exceed twelve months per injury for the sole purposes of accruing seniority, continuous service, health insurance and Employee Benefit Fund contributions normally made by the UCS, accrual of annual leave and sick leave. Additionally, such employee shall be treated as though on payroll for the period of disability not to exceed twelve months per injury for the purposes of retirement credit and contributions normally made by the UCS and/or the employee.
- (6)(a) Where an employee's workers' compensation claim is controverted by the State Insurance Fund upon the ground that the disability did not arise out of or in the course of employment, the employee may utilize leave credits pending a determination by the Workers' Compensation Board.
- (b) If the employee's controverted or contested claim is decided in the employee's favor, any leave credits charged shall be restored proportional to the net monetary award credited to the UCS by the Workers' Compensation Board.
- (c) If the employee was in leave without pay status pending determination of a controverted or contested claim, and the claim is decided in the employee's favor, the employee shall receive the benefits in Paragraph 9.4(5) for the period covered by the award not to exceed twelve months per injury.
- (d) Where a claim for workers' compensation is controverted or contested by the State Insurance Fund, the parties will abide by the determination of the Workers' Compensation Board.

- (7)(a) If the date of the disabling incident is prior to April 1, 1986, the benefits available shall be as provided in the 1982-85 UCS/CWA Agreement.
- (b) If the date of the disabling incident is on or after April 1, 1986 and prior to the date of execution of this Agreement, the benefits available shall be as provided in the 1988-91 UCS/CWA Agreement.
- (c) If the date of the disability incident is on or after May 4, 1994, the benefits available shall be as provided herein.
- (8) The UCS and CWA shall establish a committee whose purpose shall include but not be limited to reviewing and making recommendations on the following: (1) the effects of the implementation and administration of the workers' compensation statutory benefit, including resulting savings and costs associated with it; (2) the accident and injury data focusing on incidence of injuries or accidents in order to develop prevention strategies and means to reduce and/or eliminate the risk of on the job injury.
 - (9) The UCS retains all its managerial rights to monitor all workers' compensation claims.
 - 9.5 Other Leaves With Pay.
- (a) Leave for Subpoenaed Appearance and Jury Attendance. Upon application to the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee, together with proof satisfactory to the State of the necessity of each day's absence from work, an employee shall be granted a leave of absence with pay for documented absences resulting from jury service or appearance as a witness pursuant to subpoena or other order of a court or body. Provided, however, that this section shall not apply to any absence by an employee occasioned by such an appearance where the employee, or his/her relative as defined in paragraph (f) of this subdivision, has a personal

interest in the underlying action or proceeding; nor shall this section apply to any absence by an employee who receives a fee for testifying as an expert witness.

Employees entitled to leave under this section shall not be entitled to receive any remuneration for jury service except mileage and transportation expenses when serving on a New York State Unified Court System jury. Should an employee receive a New York State Unified Court System jury fee, the State will require reimbursement from the employee.

(b) Leave for Civil Service Examinations. An employee shall be allowed leave with pay to take Civil Service examinations at the appropriate examination center for positions in the Unified Court System. An employee also shall be allowed leave with pay to appear for an official investigation or appointment interview for competitive class, noncompetitive class or exempt class positions in the Unified Court System. Prior to such leave being granted, due notice and proof satisfactory to the State shall be submitted by the employee to the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee.

The State agrees that to the extent the Chief Administrative Judge determines, pursuant to the Rules of the Chief Judge and Chief Administrative Judge, to establish examination fees for Civil Service examinations, the State will waive such examination fees for employees.

Upon application to the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee, together with proof satisfactory to the State, employees registered to take the New York State Bar examination shall be allowed two days leave with pay to take the Bar examination and, if necessary, one day leave with pay to review the results of such examination.

(c) Leave for Quarantine. If an employee who is not ill himself/herself is required to remain absent because of quarantine and presents a written statement of the attending physician or local health officer proving the necessity of such absence, he/she shall be granted leave with pay for the

period of his/her required absence, without charge against accumulated sick leave, annual leave or overtime credits. Prior to return to duty, such employee may be required to submit a written statement from the local health officer having jurisdiction that his/her return to duty will not jeopardize the health of other employees.

- (d) Leaves Required by Law. An employee shall be allowed such other leaves of absence with pay, including military leave, as are required by law.
- (e) Leave for Civil Defense Duties. Upon certification by the State Director of Civil Defense of the necessity for the participation in State or local civil defense drills of an employee enrolled as a civil defense volunteer and required to perform civil defense duties, pursuant to the State Defense Emergency Act, the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee, may allow such employee to absent himself from his/her position, without loss of pay or charge against leave credits, for such time as is necessary for participation in such drills, but not exceeding cumulatively five workdays per calendar year.
- (f) **Death in the Immediate Family.** Leave of up to four consecutive State workdays (based on a standard Monday to Friday workweek and not to exceed a total of 28 work hours), shall be allowed immediately following the death of an employee's spouse; domestic partner; natural, foster or step: parent; child; brother or sister. Such four consecutive State workdays also shall be allowed following the death of an employee's father-in-law or mother-in-law; grandparent or grandchild; any relative residing with the employee; or for an individual for whom the employee has been the primary care giver. Additionally, effective with the execution date of this Agreement, leave of up to two consecutive State workdays (not to exceed 14 work hours) shall be allowed immediately following the death of an employee's son-in-law or daughter-in-law. In exceptional cases where the deceased is unavailable for burial or services, the appropriate local Administrative Judge (or his/her

designee) may, in his/her discretion, upon an employee's request, waive the requirement that death in the family leave may be used immediately following the death.

For those employees regularly scheduled to work on a weekend or holiday, such days shall be considered State workdays for purposes of this section only. Prior notice and authorization is not required for leave under this paragraph. When a death in an employee's immediate family occurs while he/she is on annual leave, such time as is excusable for death in the family shall not be charged to annual leave.

- (g) (1) Extraordinary Circumstances. An employee who has reported for duty, and because of extraordinary circumstances beyond his/her control, is directed to leave work, shall not be required to charge such directed absence during such day against leave credits. An employee who does not report for duty because of circumstances beyond his/her control shall not be required to charge such absence during such day against leave credits if the court or other facility where the employee is required to report is closed due to such extraordinary circumstances. Any release or excusal of employees due to extraordinary circumstances does not create any right to equivalent time off by employees not adversely affected by the extraordinary circumstances. Only designated management officials may direct employees to leave work. The Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee shall promulgate a list of personnel who have this authority.
- (g)(2) The State shall continue the pilot program which will provide for the crediting of compensatory time to identified employees who are required by the local Administrative Judge or his/her designee to work when their court or other facility where they report to work is closed due to extraordinary circumstances and employees assigned have been excused without charge to leave

credits. The decision to continue or discontinue the program shall not be grievable or otherwise reviewable in any forum.

- (h) **Blood Donations**. Subject to the reasonable operating needs of the court or court-related agency, an employee shall be allowed three and one-half hours leave with pay for blood donations made during an employee's normal working hours. Such leave only shall be used on the day such donation is made and shall include all time spent making such donation (including travel time to and from the collection point). This provision shall not apply to an employee who receives a fee for such donation.
- (i) Internal Discrimination Claims. Subject to the reasonable operating needs of the court or court-related agency and with the prior written approval of the Unified Court System's Workforce Diversity Office, an employee shall be allowed leave with pay (i) to consult with the Workforce Diversity Office prior to filing an Internal Discrimination Claim pursuant to the Discrimination Claim Policy and Procedure; or, (ii) to attend meetings or consultations with the Workforce Diversity Office in relation to a filed Internal Discrimination Claim. Such leave shall include reasonable travel time.
- (j) Other Leaves. The Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee may grant leaves with pay for reasons not itemized in this section.

9.6 Leaves Without Pay.

(a) Leave of Absence; Duration. A permanent employee may, in the discretion of the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee, be granted a leave of absence, without pay, for a period not exceeding two years. Such leave may be extended beyond two years, for periods aggregating not in excess of an additional two years. In an exceptional case, a further extension may be permitted by the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City

Courts) or his/her designee for good cause shown and where the interests of the government would be served. For the purposes of this section, time spent in active service in the military forces of the United States or of the State of New York shall not be considered in computing the period of leave.

This section shall not be construed to require the extension of any employment beyond the time at which it would otherwise terminate by operation of law, rule or regulation.

- (b) Successive Leaves of Absence. Where a leave of absence without pay has been granted for a period which aggregates two years, or more if extended pursuant to subdivision (a) of this section, a further leave of absence without pay shall not be granted unless the employee returns to his/her position and serves continuously therein for six months immediately preceding the subsequent leave of absence.
- (c) Leave for Child Care. A combined confinement and child care leave of absence without pay shall be granted to an employee (male or female) who becomes the parent of a child up to four years of age, either by birth or by adoption, for a period of up to 12 months. A period beyond 12 months, but not more than another successive 12-month period may be granted at the discretion of the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee subject to the staffing needs of the court. The use of this maximum allowance will be limited to one instance only.

Confinement and child care leave is leave without pay. Prior to the commencement of such leave an employee may at his/her option be continued in pay status for a period of time equal to all of the employee's unused accrued annual leave. A pregnant employee shall have the option to be continued in pay status for a period of time equal to all or part of her period of disability using accrued sick leave or annual leave.

9.7 Payment of Accruals Upon Separation from Unified Court System.

- (a) At the time of separation from Unified Court System service, an employee or his/her estate or beneficiary, as the case may be, shall be compensated in cash for annual leave credits not in excess of 80 days (560 hours) accrued and unused as of the effective date of separation and for compensatory time not in excess of 54 days (378 hours) accrued and unused as of the effective date of separation. Any accumulation of compensatory time in excess of 54 days at the time of separation shall be converted into sick leave. Cash compensation for annual leave shall be adjusted where an employee is transferring to a different state entity and meets the requirements under a valid reciprocal agreement for the transfer of leave credits. In the case of resignation, the Chief Administrative Judge or his/her designee may require, as a condition for such payment, that written notice of such resignation be given to the Chief Administrative Judge or his/her designee at least two weeks prior to the last day of employment.
- (b) An employee on leave from his/her position due to his/her entry into the Armed Forces of the United States for active duty (other than for training as defined by Title 10 of the United States Code) may elect to receive compensation in cash for accrued and unused annual leave and overtime credits not in excess of 30 days in each category accrued and unused as of the last date on which his/her name appeared on the State payroll.
- (c) No employee who is placed on the payroll of the State pursuant to Section 39 of the Judiciary Law shall be entitled to compensation under this section for any time or leave credits accrued before April 1, 1977, except in accordance with Section 39 of the Judiciary Law.
- 9.8 Written Agreement Required for Transfer of Leave Credits. For the purposes of applying the provisions of this Article, employment in the Executive or Legislative branches of State service shall be credited as service in the Unified Court System; provided, however, that except as

otherwise provided by law, leave credits may not be transferred upon movement from such positions to positions within the negotiating unit except where such credits are earned and accumulated in accordance with attendance and leave provisions which are substantially equivalent to the time and leave provisions of this Agreement and there is a written agreement between the President of the Civil Service Commission and the Chief Administrative Judge governing the transfer of leave credits upon such movements. Other public employment may be credited as service in the Unified Court System for purposes of determining transferability of leave credits provided such employment was subject to attendance and leave provisions substantially equivalent to the time and leave provisions of this Agreement, and provided there is a written agreement between the Chief Administrative Judge and the public agency wherein such employment occurred governing the crediting of such employment and the transfer of leave credits upon movement of employees to and from such agency and positions included within this negotiating unit.

9.9 **Holidays.** All legal holidays enumerated herein shall be allowed as paid days off, or holiday pay as set forth in Section 9.11 shall be allowed in lieu thereof. The days prescribed by law for the observance of New Year's Day, Martin Luther King, Jr.'s Birthday, Lincoln's Birthday, Washington's Birthday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Columbus Day, Election Day, Veteran's Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day shall be observed as holidays.

A Statewide committee will be established with representatives from all unions representing nonjudicial court employees to ascertain whether the day after Thanksgiving Day could be substituted for a presently existing holiday.

9.10 **Retroactive Time Credits.** Nothing in this Article shall be construed to provide for the granting of annual leave, sick leave or other time or leave credits for service rendered prior to the

effective date of this Agreement, provided, however, that nothing in this Agreement shall affect time or leave credits lawfully earned prior to the effective date of this Agreement.

9.11 Holiday Pay.

- (a) An employee who is entitled to time off with pay on days observed as holidays by the State as an employer will receive at his/her option additional compensation for time worked on such days or compensatory time off. Such additional compensation for each such full day worked will be at the rate of 1/10 of his/her biweekly rate of compensation. Such additional compensation for less than a full day of such work will be prorated. Such rate of compensation will include geographic, location, inconvenience and shift pay, as may be appropriate to the place or hours worked. In no event will an employee be entitled to such additional compensation or compensatory time off unless he/she has been scheduled or directed to work.
- (b) Shifts which begin at 11 p.m. or later on the day before a holiday shall be deemed to have been worked entirely on the holiday and shifts which begin at 11 p.m. or later on the holiday shall be deemed not to have been worked on the holiday.
- (c) An employee required to work on Thanksgiving Day (the fourth Thursday in November), Christmas Day (December 25) or New Year's Day (January 1) shall receive a 100% cash premium for all hours worked on such day in addition to any holiday pay or compensatory time off granted under Section 9.11(a). Compensatory time earned pursuant to this section may be scheduled by the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee either prior to or after the day on which the holiday falls.
- 9.12 **Holiday Falling on Saturday or Sunday.** A holiday falling on a Saturday or Sunday shall be observed on the preceding Friday or following Monday subject to the operational or staffing needs of the court or agency.

- 9.13 Workweek. The UCS and the Union recognize their mutual goal of best serving the public. The workweek shall be 35 hours. Whenever practicable, the normal workweek shall consist of five consecutive workdays separated by two consecutive days off. This shall not constitute a bar to the consideration of a flexible workweek or a flexible workday. Permanent changes in employees' workweek or work schedule shall be made upon reasonable notice to the Union. The impact of permanent changes in employees' workweek or work schedule shall be subject to negotiations with the Union. This section shall not, however, be a bar to consideration of Alternative Work Schedule requests from individuals.
- 9.14 **Conferences.** Four days leave per annum without charge to an employee's leave credits may be allowed to attend conferences of recognized professional organizations. Such conferences must be directly related to the employee's profession or professional duties. This leave is subject to the approval of the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee and the staffing needs of the unit.
- 9.15 **Request for Reassignment or Transfer.** To the extent that an employee's request for reassignment or transfer can be accommodated, the State shall do so. The issue of reassignments and transfers shall be a subject for consideration by the Labor/Management Committee which may suggest and make recommendations regarding procedures to be established.
- 9.16 **Scheduling.** Subject to the reasonable operating needs of the court or court-related agency, employee service in title in the Unified Court System shall be used to resolve conflicts among employees in the same title in scheduling hours of annual leave, holiday work or flexible time. If two or more employees in the same title have the same length of service in title and in the Unified Court System, a conflict in scheduling shall be resolved by lot. Prior service which was credited by the Unified Court System on April 1, 1977 will be used in determining length of service.

9.17 Workforce Reduction.

- (1) In the event of a workforce reduction, permanent employees in the competitive, non-competitive and labor class shall be laid off as specified in Section 25.30 of the Rules of the Chief Judge and Chief Administrative Judge. In the event of a workforce reduction, employees impacted will be provided with no less than 30 calendar days written notice prior to the effective date.
- (2) Employees in the noncompetitive, confidential class, who are impacted by a workforce reduction, will be provided with no less than 30 calendar days written notice prior to the effective date.
- 9.18 Early Release. If the THI index reaches 80 or above, the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) shall authorize dismissal of employees in non-air-conditioned courtrooms and offices without charge to leave credits no later than 4:00 p.m. Additionally, effective upon the execution of the Agreement, should the indoor temperature in a courtroom or office fall below fifty-one (51) degrees Fahrenheit and there is no functioning heat by 11:00 a.m., the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) shall authorize the release of employees without charge to their leave credits. In the event it is necessary for an employee to remain on duty as part of a skeleton force, he/she shall receive compensatory time. Notification of such early release shall be made to the Courts and the Union by a designee of the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts).

ARTICLE 10

OVERTIME

10.1 **Policy.** Employees shall receive compensation for work performed between 35 and 40 hours per week in cash compensation at a straight-time rate as provided in Section 10.6, or compensatory time, pursuant to Section 10.8, at the employee's option.

Employees shall receive compensation for work performed in excess of 40 hours per week at a rate equal to one and one-half times their hourly rate of pay as provided in Section 10.6. It is the policy of the State that overtime work be held to a minimum consistent with the needs and requirements of sound and orderly administration of State government.

10.2 **Definitions.** Wherever used in this Article:

- (a) "Overtime" shall mean only hours worked in excess of 35 hours in any workweek by an eligible employee.
- (b) An "eligible employee" shall mean any employee who is not deemed ineligible to earn overtime pay, as provided under Section 10.3.
- (c) "Scheduled overtime" shall mean overtime which is susceptible to scheduling and approval in advance of need.
- (d) "Unscheduled overtime" shall mean overtime which is necessitated by emergency conditions which cannot be anticipated in advance.

10.3 Exclusions.

- (a) Employees who meet the criteria for exclusion from the overtime provision of the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA") shall not be eligible to receive contractual overtime compensation.
- (b) With respect to previously-made determinations on contractual overtime exclusions such determinations shall be continued upon execution of this Agreement.
- (c) In the event that the State determines that an individual employee whose title had previously been considered as eligible for contractual overtime compensation meets the FLSA criteria for exclusion, it will provide the Union with thirty (30) days prior notice of such determination and afford the Union, during this thirty (30) day period, with the opportunity to assert that such individual employee/title should continue to be eligible for overtime compensation.

- (d) With respect to new titles, the State shall undertake a review of all such titles, as they are established, for the purpose of determining overtime eligibility for contractual overtime using FLSA criteria. Upon request by the Union, the State and the Union shall meet to discuss whether the title in question should be eligible to receive contractual overtime compensation.
- (e) The Administrative Director may waive the restriction contained in Section 10.3(a) whenever he/she determines that strict adherence to such restriction would be detrimental to the sound and orderly administration of the Unified Court System.
- (f) Nothing in this section shall be construed as a waiver of the Union's right to appeal the State's determinations to the appropriate forum, or as a waiver of the State's right to implement changes in accordance with the provisions herein.

10.4 Authorization for Overtime Work.

- (a) Unscheduled overtime work must be authorized in advance by the Administrative Judge.¹
- (b) Notification of unscheduled overtime shall be forwarded to the Director of Budget and Finance at the close of the biweekly payroll period in which the overtime is authorized.
- (c) Scheduled overtime work must have the prior approval of the Administrative Director or his/her designee.

¹The term Administrative Judge as used in this Article refers to:

Administrative Judge for the New York City Civil Court

Administrative Judge for the New York City Criminal Court

Administrative Judge for the New York City Family Court

Administrative Judge for the Civil Branch, Supreme Court, Bronx County

Administrative Judge for the Criminal Branch, Supreme Court, Bronx County

Administrative Judge for the Civil Branch, Supreme Court, New York County

Administrative Judge for the Criminal Branch, Supreme Court, New York County

Administrative Judge for the Supreme Court, Kings County

Administrative Judge for the Supreme Court, Queens County

Administrative Judge for the Surrogate's Court, New York County

- (d) The Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) will take all reasonable steps to provide for an equitable distribution of scheduled overtime opportunities among qualified permanent employees of the appropriate work unit, provided, however, that such overtime opportunities may be denied to an employee who has been determined to have a poor record of attendance and/or tardiness by the final determination of discipline or the alternate discipline procedure for time and attendance infractions. With regard to employees denied such overtime opportunities for time and attendance infractions, such exclusion shall not exceed six months following the final determination of discipline or alternate discipline procedures.
- (e) There shall be no rescheduling of days off or hours of work to avoid the payment of overtime.
- (f) In the absence of a sufficient number of volunteers, unscheduled overtime can be required of any employee who, in the judgment of his/her supervisor, is needed to do the work.
- (g) Overtime performed in a higher or lower title can be performed only on a volunteer basis.

 Extra service work can also be performed on a voluntary basis.
- (h) Eligible employees shall be eligible for overtime for actual travel and/or service performed while in travel status, provided that:
 - (1) The trip is not between the employee's residence and his/her official workstation.
 - (2) The trip is for the purpose of conducting State business and is authorized in advance.
- (3) Authorization is granted only when travel during regular work hours is less economical or unduly delays the employee's return to his/her official workstation.
 - (4) The trip is not taken for the purpose of attending a professional conference or convention.

10.5 Determination of Overtime Earned.

- (a) Total hours worked shall include all the time worked by an employee when required to be on duty or at a prescribed workplace and shall exclude all absences from duty and all time allowed for meals. For purposes of computing total hours worked in a week, time during which an employee is excused from work because of holidays, sick leave at full pay, annual leave, compensatory time off or other leave at full pay shall be considered as time worked by the officer or employee. Compensatory time off granted in the same workweek in which it is earned, except compensatory time off granted in lieu of a holiday worked in such workweek, does not add to the total hours worked and is not to be construed as time worked by an employee.
- (b) Employees who volunteer to standby in their homes or who are required, ordered, and/or scheduled on an involuntary basis to standby in their homes subject to recall shall receive payment on the basis of one-half hour overtime for each hour of standby time in cash, if eligible for cash payment or compensatory time off, if eligible for compensatory time.
- (c) Employees recalled from home for unscheduled overtime work shall be guaranteed overtime payment in cash for at least four hours, if eligible for cash payment.
 - (d) Overtime shall be paid on a minute for minute basis.
- 10.6 **Computation of Cash Compensation.** Payment for overtime shall be computed in the following manner:
- (a) If an employee works overtime in his/her regular position or title or in a position the title of which is allocated to the same salary grade as his/her regular position, he/she shall be compensated for work between 35 and 40 hours at a straight-time rate and for work in excess of 40 hours at one and one-half times the regular hourly rate of pay.

- (b) When the overtime is worked in a position allocated to a salary grade lower than the employee's regular position, he/she shall be compensated for work between 35 and 40 hours at a straight-time rate and in excess of 40 hours at one and one-half times the hourly rate of pay of the maximum salary of the lower position plus such longevity increments to which he/she would otherwise be entitled were he/she in such lower grade position, but in no event in excess of a straight-time rate of pay in his/her regular position for work between 35 and 40 hours and in excess of one and one-half times the hourly rate of pay of his/her regular position for work in excess of 40 hours.
- (c) When the overtime is worked in a position which is allocated to a higher salary grade than the grade of the employee's regular position, he/she shall be compensated for work between 35 and 40 hours at a straight-time rate and in excess of 40 hours at one and one-half times the hourly rate of compensation he/she would be entitled to if he/she were permanently promoted to the higher position.
- (d) The hourly rate of compensation shall be determined by dividing the basic annual rate of compensation plus any additional compensation payable because of an assignment differential, the location of employment or because work is performed between 6:00 p.m. and 8:00 a.m. by 1,827. The hourly rate of compensation for per diem employees shall be determined by dividing the per diem rate by seven.
- 10.7 **Time of Payment of Cash Compensation.** When cash payment for scheduled overtime has been approved, employees shall be paid for such overtime compensation in excess of 35 but less than 40 hours per week at the employee's option, and for more than 40 hours by the close of the second biweekly payroll period following the period during which the overtime is earned.
- 10.8 Compensatory Time Off. Eligible employees shall have the option to receive either cash compensation at a straight-time rate or compensatory time off on an hour-for-hour basis for overtime

worked in excess of 35 hours but not in excess of 40 hours in a workweek. Prior to December 1, 1988, eligible employees shall elect, in writing, on forms to be provided by the State, cash compensation or compensatory time off for such overtime work. New employees shall make an initial election at the commencement of service in an eligible title. Thereafter, employees shall be allowed to modify such election prior to the start of each new calendar quarter. Such modification shall be effective following the first day of the new calendar quarter. An employee who fails to file such election on a timely basis shall be compensated on a cash basis.

10.9 **Overtime Meal Allowances.** A meal allowance of \$6.00 will be paid to any employee required to work at least three hours beyond his/her normally scheduled workday unless he/she is receiving cash compensation for such overtime work.

An employee ineligible to receive cash compensation for overtime worked who is required to work at least seven hours on his/her regularly scheduled day off, shall be entitled to receive one overtime meal allowance. An employee required to work at least ten hours on his/her regularly scheduled day off, shall be entitled to receive a second overtime meal allowance.

10.10 Exceptions. The restrictions and limitations contained in this Article may be waived by the Administrative Director whenever he/she determines that strict adherence to the rules would be detrimental to the sound and orderly administration of the Unified Court System.

10.11 Conflict with FLSA. In the event that a tribunal of competent jurisdiction determines that any determination made pursuant to this Article is in conflict with the Fair Labor Standards Act, then such determination shall be of no force and effect and the applicable portion of the Fair Labor Standards Act shall govern. The grievance and arbitration procedure of the Agreement shall not apply to alleged conflicts between determinations made pursuant to this Article and the Fair Labor Standards Act.

PRE-TAX TRANSPORTATION PROGRAM

The State agrees to extend a pre-tax transportation program benefit to employees to the same extent and in the same form that applies to the majority of represented Executive Branch employees.

ARTICLE 12

TRAVEL EXPENSES

- 12.1 **Per Diem Meal and Lodging Expenses.** The State agrees to reimburse, on a per diem basis, as established by the employee travel rules of the Chief Administrative Judge, employees who are eligible for travel expenses, for their actual and necessary expenses incurred while in travel status in the performance of their official duties for hotel lodging, meals and incidental expenses related thereto (hotel tips, etc.) for a full day at rates stated in the employee travel rules of the Chief Administrative Judge for managerial or confidential employees.
- 12.2 **Mileage Reimbursement.** Vehicle mileage reimbursement rate for employees in this unit shall be consistent with the maximum mileage allowance permitted by the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS").
- 12.3 Extended Travel. The State agrees to provide \$8.00 additional travel expense reimbursement for each weekend to any employee who is in overnight travel status provided he/she is in overnight travel status for at least ten consecutive days at least 300 miles from his/her home and official station.

ARTICLE 13

DISCIPLINARY PROCEDURE

13.1 **Applicability.** An officer or employee described in paragraph (a), (b), or (c) below shall not be removed or otherwise subjected to any disciplinary penalty provided in this section except for

incompetency or misconduct shown after a hearing upon stated charges pursuant to this section, unless such officer or employee is granted the option and elects to follow the alternative administrative disciplinary procedure set forth in Section 13.8 of this Article.

- (a) An officer or employee holding a position by permanent appointment in the competitive class of the classified service, or,
- (b) An officer or employee holding a position by permanent appointment or employment in the classified service, who is an honorably discharged member of the Armed Forces of the United States having served therein as such member in time of war as defined in the Civil Service Law, or who is an exempt volunteer firefighter as defined in the General Municipal Law, except where the officer or employee described in this paragraph holds a position designated by the Chief Administrative Judge as confidential or requiring the performance of functions influencing policy, or,
- (c) An officer or employee holding a position in the non-competitive class other than a position designated by the Chief Administrative Judge as confidential or requiring the performance of functions influencing policy, who since his/her last entry into the service of the Unified Court System has completed at least five years of continuous service in the non-competitive class in a position or positions not so designated as confidential or requiring the performance of functions influencing policy.
- 13.2 **Procedure.** An officer or employee against whom removal or other disciplinary action is proposed shall have written notice thereof and of the reasons therefor, shall be furnished a copy of the charges preferred against him/her and shall be allowed at least eight days for answering the same in writing. Service of a copy of the charges shall be made by personal service if possible. If service cannot be effectuated by personal service, it shall be made by certified mail, return receipt requested. The Union shall be advised by certified mail, return receipt requested, of the name and work location

of the officer or employee against whom charges have been preferred. The charges shall be made, as appropriate, by the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) having administrative jurisdiction over said court or court-related agency where the employee is assigned or by the Administrative Director. The Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or the Administrative Director shall, upon consultation with the Union as provided in Section 13.9 establish a panel of qualified persons who may be designated to conduct the hearing. The hearing shall be held, as appropriate, by a person designated by such Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or by the Administrative Director for that purpose.

The person or persons designated to conduct the hearing shall, for the purpose of such hearing, be vested with all the powers, as appropriate, of the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or the Administrative Director and shall make a record of such hearing which shall, with recommendations, be referred, as appropriate, to such Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or Administrative Director for review and decision. The hearing officer shall, upon the request of the officer or employee against whom charges are preferred, permit him/her to be represented by counsel, or by a representative of the Union and shall allow him/her to summon witnesses in his/her behalf. The burden of proving incompetency or misconduct shall be upon the State. Compliance with technical rules of evidence shall not be required. The officer or employee against whom charges are preferred shall, upon request, be entitled to a copy of the recommendations of the hearing officer and shall be allowed three days to comment upon them, in writing, as appropriate, to the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or Administrative Director who appointed the hearing officer.

13.3 **Suspension Pending Determination of Charges.** Pending the hearing and determination of charges of incompetency or misconduct, the officer or employee against whom such charges have

been preferred may be suspended without pay for a period not exceeding 30 days. In the sole discretion of the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or the Administrative Director, as appropriate, or his/her designee, such suspension without pay may be charged to an employee's annual leave accruals. Such decision to permit an employee to charge annual leave accruals shall not be grievable or otherwise reviewable in any other forum.

13.4 Determination of Charges. If such officer or employee is found guilty of the charges, the penalty or punishment may consist of a reprimand, a fine not to exceed \$200 to be deducted from the salary or wages of such officer or employee, suspension without pay for a period not exceeding three months, denial of overtime opportunities pursuant to Section 10.4(d) of the Agreement provided such denial shall not exceed six months, demotion in salary and title, dismissal from the service or a combination of a fine not to exceed \$200 and a suspension without pay for a period not exceeding three months; provided, however, that the time during which an officer or employee is suspended without pay pursuant to Section 13.3 may be considered as part of the penalty and the officer or employee shall be entitled to continue health insurance, if the employee pays his/her own share of the premiums and shall be eligible to receive welfare fund benefits and have welfare fund payments made on his/her behalf during a period of suspension not exceeding three months. If he/she is acquitted, he/she shall be restored to his/her position with full pay for the period of suspension less the amount of compensation which he/she may have earned in any other employment or occupation and any unemployment insurance benefits he/she may have received during such period. If such officer or employee is found guilty, a copy of the charges, his/her written answer thereto, a transcript of the hearing and the determination shall be filed with the Office of Court Administration. A copy of the transcript of the hearing shall, upon request of the officer or employee affected, be furnished to him/her without charge.

- 13.5 Time for Removal or Disciplinary Proceedings. Notwithstanding any other provisions, no removal, disciplinary proceeding or alternative disciplinary procedure shall be commenced more than 18 months after the occurrence of the alleged incompetency or misconduct complained of and described in the charges; provided, however, that such limitation shall not apply where the incompetency or misconduct complained of and described in the charges would, if proved in a court of appropriate jurisdiction, constitute a crime.
- 13.6 **Review of Penalty or Punishment.** Any officer or employee believing himself aggrieved by a penalty or punishment pursuant to the provisions of this Article, may appeal from such determination by petition to the Chief Administrative Judge or by an application to the courts in accordance with the provisions of Article 78 of the Civil Practice Law and Rules.
- (a) If such person elects to appeal to the Chief Administrative Judge, he/she shall file a petition in writing within 20 days after receiving notice of the determination to be reviewed.
- (b) Where an appeal is taken to the Chief Administrative Judge, he/she shall review the record of the disciplinary proceeding and the transcript of the hearing, and shall determine the appeal on the basis of the record and transcript and such oral and written argument as he/she may determine to be appropriate. He/She may direct that the appeal shall be heard by a person or persons designated by him/her to hear such appeal on his/her behalf, who shall report thereon with recommendations to him/her. Upon such appeal, he/she shall permit the employee to be represented by counsel or a representative of the Union.
- (c) **Determination of Appeal.** The determination appealed from may be affirmed, reversed, or modified and the Chief Administrative Judge may, in his/her discretion, direct the reinstatement of the appellant or permit the transfer or reassignment of such appellant to a vacancy in a similar position in another court or court agency or direct that his/her name be placed upon a preferred list

pursuant to this section. In the event that a transfer or reassignment is not effected, he/she is empowered to direct the reinstatement of such employee. An officer or employee reinstated pursuant to this subdivision shall receive the salary or compensation he/she would have been entitled by law to have received in his/her position for the period of removal, including any prior period of suspension without pay, less the amount of compensation which he/she may have earned in any other employment or occupation and any unemployment insurance benefits he/she may have received during such period. The decision of the Chief Administrative Judge shall be final and conclusive, and not subject to further review in any court.

13.7 Restoration of Position. An employee who is removed from his/her position in violation of the provisions of this Article, and who thereafter is restored to such position by order of the Supreme Court, shall be entitled to receive and shall receive from the State, the salary or compensation which he/she would have been entitled by law to have received in such position but for such unlawful removal, from the date of such unlawful removal to the date of such restoration, less the amount of compensation which he/she may have earned in any other employment or occupation and any unemployment insurance benefits he/she may have received during such period. Such employee shall be entitled to a court order to enforce the payment of such salary or compensation. Such salary or compensation shall be subject to the provisions of Section 474 and Section 475 of the Judiciary Law for services rendered, but otherwise shall be paid only directly to such employee or his/her legal representatives.

13.8 Alternative Disciplinary Procedure.

(a) Within 18 months of when an act of alleged misconduct or incompetency occurs the officer or court empowered in Section 13.2 to make the charges shall determine whether such acts require the initiation of formal disciplinary charges pursuant to Section 13.2 of this Article or if the officer

or employee shall be given the option of electing to follow the alternative disciplinary procedure to ensure that the decision to use the formal or informal proceedings is uniformly determined. For purposes of Section 13.8 only, an eligible officer or employee shall include all officers or employees who are not determined to be personal appointees of a judge by the appropriate appointing authority.

- (b) If the officer or court empowered in Section 13.2 to make the charges determines that the alternative disciplinary procedure will be offered as an option, the employee shall be given an Initiation of Discipline Form. This Form shall specify in writing a description of the conduct alleged to constitute misconduct or incompetency and shall specify a recommended penalty. The employee shall make a written election whether or not to accept the alternative disciplinary procedure. An employee who otherwise is eligible for a formal hearing pursuant to Section 13.1 of this Article may opt to pursue a formal hearing or to accept the alternative disciplinary procedure. If such an employee fails to make a written election within ten days of receiving an Initiation of Discipline Form, the employee may be served with written notice of the charges preferred against him/her and the procedures set forth in Section 13.2 shall be followed.
- (c) An officer or employee who elects to follow the alternative disciplinary procedure shall meet with the designee of the officer or court empowered in Section 13.2 to make the charges who shall recommend a penalty after reviewing the relevant facts which form the basis for discipline, the employment history of the employee listed on the Initiation of Discipline Form and any facts or arguments submitted in defense or mitigation. The penalty shall be a written reprimand, restitution, probation for up to six months and/or no more than the forfeiture of up to ten days of annual leave, compensatory time or the loss of ten days pay, if appropriate, and/or denial of overtime opportunities pursuant to Section 10.4(d) of the Agreement provided such denial shall not exceed six months. The officer or court empowered in Section 13.2 to make the charges shall review such recommended

penalty to ensure that penalties are uniformly applied. The employee thereafter shall be informed in writing of the penalty assessed. The Initiation of Discipline Form shall set forth the recommended penalty, the review of the officer or court empowered in Section 13.2 to make the charges and the penalty assessed. Such penalty assessed shall be implemented immediately. The determination of the designee of the officer or court empowered in Section 13.2 to make the charges and the officer or court empowered in Section 13.2 to make the charges shall be final, binding and not reviewable in any forum.

- (d) A copy of such Initiation of Discipline Form upon completion of the process shall be included in the personnel history folder of the officer or employee, and shall be given to the officer or employee, the supervisor, payroll, the designee of the officer or court empowered in Section 13.2 to make the charges and the officer or court empowered in Section 13.2 to make the charges. Upon an employee's written request, the record of the alternative disciplinary procedure shall be removed from an employee's personnel history folder 18 months after the penalty has been implemented, provided such employee has not been subject to formal disciplinary charges or further administrative disciplinary proceedings within such 18 months.
- 13.9 The State and the Union shall meet in a labor/management subcommittee to discuss the establishment by the State of a panel to act as Hearing Officers on charges made against officers or employees pursuant to this Article. The subcommittee shall discuss and make recommendations concerning the composition of, and selection from, a fixed panel of persons who are qualified to act as Hearing Officers and from whom the Unified Court System selects one or more persons to hear employee appeals of disciplinary charges. Such recommendations shall be submitted, as appropriate, to the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or Administrative Director on whose behalf such Hearing Officers are designated to hear such charges.

13.10 Investigatory Notification. The Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) shall provide written notice by letter to an employee who was the subject of an investigation, with a copy to the Union Local President, within three business days from when he/she has received a final report from the Unified Court System's Inspector General's Office indicating that the Inspector General has completed its investigation.

ARTICLE 14

PRINTING OF AGREEMENT

The Agreement will be available on the UCS website upon ratification and final approval by the UCS and the Union.

ARTICLE 15

LABOR/MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

- 15.1 To facilitate communication between the parties and to promote a climate conducive to constructive employee relations, a joint Labor/Management Committee shall be established to discuss the implementation of this Agreement and other matters of mutual interest. The size of the Committee shall be limited to the least number of representatives needed to accomplish its objectives. Committee size shall be determined by mutual agreement.
- 15.2 The Committee will be a standing committee and will meet as necessary but at least twice a year. A written agenda will be submitted a week in advance of regular meetings. Special meetings will be requested by either party. An agenda will be submitted along with the request. Such special meetings will be scheduled as soon as possible after requested.
- 15.3 Approved time spent in such meetings shall be charged as specified in Section 4.7 of this Agreement.

- 15.4 Labor/Management Committee meetings shall be conducted in good faith. The Committee shall have no power to contravene any provision of this Agreement.
- 15.5 The State and the Union shall establish a Labor/Management Subcommittee which shall discuss modifications to the current performance evaluation system including the performance evaluation forms and appeals process. The Subcommittee shall make recommendations for any changes to the performance evaluation system to the Chief Administrative Judge.
- 15.6 The State and the Union shall establish a Labor/Management Subcommittee to discuss the disciplinary procedures including the creation of an expedited time and attendance discipline procedure.
- 15.7 The State and the Union shall establish a Labor/Management Subcommittee to discuss issues pertaining to court facilities and occupational, safety and health concerns (OSHA).

WORK/LIFE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

The State shall prepare, secure introduction and recommend passage by the Legislature of such legislation as may be necessary to fully fund the Work/Life Assistance Program for the term of this Agreement. The Statewide Work/Life Assistance Labor/Management Committee shall continue, composed of representatives from the State and the Unions. The Committee shall meet as necessary or upon request of the State or the Unions.

GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES

17.1 **Definitions.**

- (a) A contract grievance is a dispute concerning the interpretation, application or claimed violation of a specific term or provision of this Agreement. Other disputes which do not involve the interpretation, application, or claimed violation of a specific term or provision of this Agreement including matters as to which other means of resolution are provided or foreclosed by this Agreement, or by statute or administrative procedures, shall not be considered contract grievances. A contract grievance does not include matters which are grievable under the non-contract grievance procedure.
 - (b) A non-contract grievance is a dispute concerning:
 - (1) Conditions of employment affecting the health or safety of employees.
 - (2) Unreasonable work assignments or conditions.
- (3) Discriminatory supervisory practices except insofar as such practices as alleged would constitute violations of law. With respect to claims alleging such practices as would constitute violations of law, they shall, at the election of the employee, be subject to review in accordance with State and Federal procedures established for such purpose as well as such internal review procedure as may exist, but shall not be subject to review under the provisions of this Article. Use of the internal review procedure shall not deny the employee access to State and Federal procedures; provided, however, that an employee electing pursuit of a claim in accordance with State and/or Federal procedures shall not be allowed to utilize the Unified Court System's Internal Discrimination Claim Procedure.
 - 17.2 The contract and non-contract grievance procedures shall be as follows:

- (a) Step 1. The employee or Union shall present the grievance in writing to the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee, with a copy to the Administrative Judge or Administrative Authority of the court or court-related agency to which the employee is assigned, not later than 45 calendar days after the date on which the act or omission giving rise to the grievance occurred or when the employee could reasonably have been expected to become aware of, or to have knowledge, that he/she had a grievance. The Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee may require the grievant to meet with the grievant's immediate supervisor in an effort to settle the grievance informally. The Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee shall take any other steps necessary to insure that a proper disposition of the grievance is made and shall reply to the employee or Union within 15 workdays following the date of submission. In the event a grievance is not answered within the prescribed time limit, the grievance will be considered to have been passed to the second step of the grievance procedure.
- (b)(1) **Step 2. Contract Grievances.** In the event the employee or the Union wishes to appeal an unsatisfactory contract grievance decision at Step 1, the appeal must be presented in writing within 15 days of the receipt of the Step 1 decision, to the Deputy Director for Labor Relations . A copy of such appeal shall also be sent to the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee who passed upon the grievance at Step 1. Such appeal shall contain a short, clear statement of the grievance and specific references to the section of this Agreement which the employee or Union claims to have been violated. The Deputy Director for Labor Relations or his/her designated representative shall meet within 20 workdays after receipt of the appeal with the employee or the Union for a review of the grievance and shall issue a written decision by the end of the twenty-fifth workday after such review. In the event a grievance is not answered within the pre-

scribed time limit, the Union may demand in writing to the Deputy Director for Labor Relations to move the grievance to the next step of the procedure.

(2) **Step 2. Non-Contract Grievances.** In the event the employee or the Union wishes to appeal an unsatisfactory non-contract grievance decision at Step 1, the appeal must be presented in writing within 15 days of the receipt of the Step 1 decision, to the Deputy Director for Labor Relations. A copy of such appeal shall also be sent to the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) or his/her designee who passed upon the grievance at Step 1. Such appeal shall contain a short, clear statement of the grievance, the basis for the grievance and the relief sought. The Deputy Director for Labor Relations or his/her designee shall meet within 20 workdays after receipt of the appeal with the employee or the Union for a review of the grievance and shall issue a written decision by the end of the twenty-fifth workday after such review. Such decision shall not be subject to review by arbitration.

(c) Step 3. Contract Grievances.

(1) An appeal to arbitration from an unsatisfactory contract grievance decision at Step 2 may be made by the Union within 20 days of the receipt of the decision by the Deputy Director for Labor Relations. A request for arbitration may be initiated by the Union by serving upon the Deputy Director for Labor Relations a notice in writing of an intent to proceed to arbitration. The notice shall identify the Agreement provision in dispute, the issue or issues to be determined, the department and the employee or employees involved. Upon receipt of a notice requesting arbitration, the parties shall select an arbitrator from a central panel. Such panel shall be agreed upon as soon as practicable following execution of this Agreement. The method of selecting the arbitrator for a particular case shall be by mutual agreement between both parties to the Agreement, and failing such agreement, by mutual strike from the central panel.

- (2) The arbitrator shall have no power to add to, subtract from or modify the provisions of this Agreement in arriving at a decision of the issue presented, and shall confine his/her decision solely to the application and interpretation of this Agreement. The decision or award of the arbitrator shall be final and binding, consistent with the provisions of CPLR Article 75. The arbitrator shall confine himself to the precise issue submitted for arbitration and shall have no authority to determine any other issues not so submitted to him/her nor shall he/she submit observations or declarations of opinion which are not essential in reaching the determination.
- (3) All fees and expenses of the arbitrator shall be divided equally between the parties. Each party shall bear the cost of preparing and presenting its own case.
- 17.3 The time limits contained in this Article may be extended by mutual agreement. The time for presenting a Step 1 contract grievance shall be extended by the time an employee is absent from the job through illness or disability.
- 17.4 A settlement or any award upon a contract grievance may or may not be retroactive as the equities of each case may demand.
- 17.5 The contract grievance and arbitration procedure provided for herein shall be the exclusive grievance procedure for the resolution of disputes concerning the interpretation, application or claimed violation of a specific term or provision of this Agreement.
- 17.6 An employee may be represented in Step 1 or Step 2 of the contract and non-contract grievance procedures by the Union or a representative of his/her own choosing. No employee organization other than the Union may initiate or represent an employee in the processing of contract or non-contract grievances.
- 17.7 In the event the Union appeals a Step 2 decision to Step 3 and the parties cannot agree as to whether it constitutes an arbitrable grievance, the issue of arbitrability shall be preliminarily

submitted to arbitration prior to the resolution of the dispute on the merits in accordance with the procedures for arbitration set forth in Step 3.

17.8 The Union may allow grievants and witnesses to charge Employee Organizational Leave, in lieu of charging personal accruals, to attend grievance preparation meetings and Step 2 grievance meetings. Grievants and witnesses shall be allowed leave with pay to attend arbitration hearings during work hours.

ARTICLE 18

OUT-OF-TITLE WORK

18.1 No person shall be employed under any title not appropriate to the duties to be performed and, except upon assignment by proper authority during the continuance of a temporary emergency situation, no person shall be assigned to perform the duties of any position unless he/she has been duly appointed, promoted, transferred or reinstated to such position in accordance with the provisions of the Rules of the Chief Administrative Judge.

18.2 Grievances hereunder shall be processed on forms to be provided by the State and filed directly with the Deputy Director for Labor Relations and shall be arbitrable by a special panel composed of three arbitrators who will be chosen by the Union from a list of five arbitrators selected by the State for their expertise in classification and compensation. One arbitrator will be chosen for each case. The arbitrator shall make a determination consistent with Section 18.3 and fashion a remedy consistent with Section 18.4. The grievance must be presented in writing not later than 45 calendar days after the date on which the act or omission giving rise to the grievance occurred or when the employee could reasonably have been expected to become aware of, or have knowledge, that he/she had a grievance, and shall specify whether or not the assigned duties which are the

subject of the grievance are substantially different from those appropriate to the title to which the employee is certified.

- 18.3 In determinations regarding out-of-title work under this Article, the grievant's duties shall be determined to be "substantially different" and an employee grievant shall be determined to be working out-of-title if any of the following factors are met:
 - (a) The duties are not normally performed by employees in the grievant's title; or,
- (b) The majority of the duties performed by the grievant are performed by employees in another title throughout the court system; or,
- (c) The majority of the duties performed by the grievant are not reasonably covered by the grievant's title standard and are included in the title standard of another title; or,
- (d) The duties were not assigned during a temporary emergency and meet any of the above cited conditions; or,
- (e) The duties are not a reasonable outgrowth of the duties usually performed by employees in the grievant's title.
- 18.4 (a) If it is the opinion of the Deputy Director for Labor Relations that the assigned duties which are the subject of the grievance are substantially different from those appropriate to the title to which the employee is certified, the Deputy Director for Labor Relations shall direct the discontinuance forthwith of such assigned duties.
- (1) If such substantially different duties are found to be appropriate to a lower salary grade or to the same salary grade as that held by the affected employee, no monetary award may be issued.
- (2) If, however, such substantially different duties are found to be appropriate to a higher salary grade than that held by the affected employee, the Deputy Director for Labor Relations or the

arbitrator shall issue an award of monetary relief, provided that the affected employee has performed such duties for a period of one or more days. The amount of monetary relief, if the grievance is granted in Section 18.2, shall be the difference between what the affected employee was earning at the time he/she performed such duties and what he/she would have earned at that time in the entry level of the higher salary grade title, but in no event shall such monetary award be retroactive to a date more than 90 calendar days prior to the date the grievance was filed in accordance with this Article. However, in the event that the grievance proceeds to arbitration and the grievance is sustained by the arbitrator, the award may include any days between the filing of the grievance and the date of the arbitrator's award in addition to 90 calendar days prior to the date the grievance was filed. No employee shall be able to file successive grievances under this Article to avoid limitations on monetary awards provided herein.

18.4(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision (a), if the substantially different duties were assigned by proper authority during the existence of a temporary emergency situation, the Deputy Director for Labor Relations or the arbitrator shall deny the grievance and no payment shall be made. For purposes of this article, "a temporary emergency situation" shall mean an unscheduled situation or circumstance which is expected to be no more than 30 calendar days duration and is likely to interfere with the conduct of the court's or court-related agencies' statutory mandates or programs.

NO DISCRIMINATION

- 19.1 The Union agrees to continue to admit all employees to membership and to represent all employees without regard to race, color, creed, disability, marital status, Vietnam Era Veteran status, national origin, age, sex or sexual orientation.
- 19.2 (a) The State agrees to continue its established policy against all forms of illegal discrimination with regard to race, creed, color, disability, marital status, Vietnam Era Veteran status, national origin, sex (including sexual harassment), sexual orientation, age or the proper exercise by an employee of the rights guaranteed by the Public Employees' Fair Employment Act.
- (b) An employee who believes that an act of discrimination based on race, color, religion, sex (including sexual harassment), sexual orientation, age, political affiliation, national origin, physical/mental/medical disability or Vietnam Era Veteran status has taken place relating to interviewing, hiring, dismissal, discipline, job assignment, training opportunities, policies of the Unified Court System, shift assignment, promotion, transfer, working conditions, harassment or other terms and conditions of employment, shall be allowed access to the Unified Court System's Internal Discrimination Claim Procedure.
- 19.3 The State and the Union agree that nothing in this Agreement prevents the State from making reasonable accommodation for a disabled employee when such is required pursuant to the Americans with Disabilities Act. If a request is made for reasonable accommodation, the State, after discussion with and submission of relevant and non-confidential information to the Union, shall be permitted to take all action legally required to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act.

BENEFITS GUARANTEED

With respect to matters not covered by this Agreement the State will not seek to diminish or impair during the term of this Agreement any benefit or privilege provided by law, rule or regulation for employees without adequate prior notice to the Union; and, when appropriate, without negotiations with the Union; provided, however, that this Agreement shall be construed consistently with the free exercise of rights reserved to the State by the Management Rights Article of this Agreement.

ARTICLE 21

PROTECTION OF EMPLOYEES

- 21.1 There shall be no loss of present jobs by permanent employees as a result of the State's exercise of its right to contract out for goods and services.
- 21.2 No permanent employee will suffer reduction in existing salary as a result of reclassification or reallocation of the position he/she holds by permanent appointment.

ARTICLE 22

CLASSIFICATION APPEALS

22.1 Review of Position Classification and Position Allocation.

(a) Any employee or the Union may apply to the Chief Administrative Judge for a review and change of the classification or allocation of the position occupied by such employee or included within negotiating units represented by the Union. The Chief Administrative Judge shall determine any such application and shall have the power to designate a person or persons to review the

application and, if necessary, to conduct a hearing with relation to it and to report to the Chief Administrative Judge thereon.

- (b) The effective date of a position classification or position allocation reviewed under this section shall be such date as is determined by the Chief Administrative Judge. No change in position classification shall impair or diminish any existing right to salary or tenure.
- (c) Provided, however, that appeals of classifications, reclassifications, allocations and reallocations pursuant to Section 39 of the Judiciary Law shall not be subject to this Article.

ARTICLE 23

PERSONNEL AND PAY PRACTICES

- 23.1 **Notification to Beneficiary.** If during the term of this Agreement an employee dies, the State shall notify the beneficiary designated by the employee in the personnel folder as to what benefits may be available for the employee and as to where claims may be initiated for such benefits. The payroll agency shall promptly notify the appropriate Retirement System and communicate with the beneficiary designated in the Retirement System's records.
- 23.2 **Notification of Change in Title or Compensation.** Any employee who is promoted or who is affected by an individual change in title or rate of compensation of an adverse nature shall be notified in writing no later than two weeks after the effective date of such promotion, change in title, or rate of compensation.
- 23.3 Release of Paychecks. Consistent with, and subject to security requirements, paychecks shall be released on the day preceding payday as soon as possible after 3:00 p.m. for all employees who would not normally receive their paychecks during their working hours on the scheduled pay day.

- 23.4 Withholding Paychecks. The State shall not withhold entire paychecks when an employee has no leave balance to cover absences without pay, due to illness, up to a maximum of five days, provided the affected employee has five years of service as a member of the New York City or New York State Employees Retirement System. Appropriate deductions shall be made in a subsequent paycheck. Employees with a negative leave balance at the start of the pay period shall not be covered by this section.
- 23.5 Salary Garnishments. The State shall make reasonable efforts to notify employees of pending salary garnishments.
- 23.6 Salary Upon Promotion. No employee shall receive a lower basic salary rate following promotion than the basic salary rate received preceding the promotion.
- 23.7 Information on Retirement Benefits. The State shall make available material describing pension benefits and provisions under the Coordinated-Escalator Retirement Plan (CO-ES Plan). Such material shall be distributed to all newly-hired employees at the time of appointment.

23.8 Evaluations and Personnel Folders.

(a) An employee shall be given a copy of every statement concerning his/her work performance or conduct prepared during the term of this Agreement, if such statement is to be placed in his/her permanent personnel folder. Prior to being given a copy of such statement, the employee must sign a form which shall indicate only that he/she was given a copy of the statement but that he/she does not necessarily agree with its contents. The employee shall have the right, but not the obligation, to answer any such statement filed and the answer shall be placed in the employee's personnel folder. Only evaluatory statements prepared by a superior with respect to the employee's work performance

or conduct, which are given to the employee in accordance with the procedure outlined above, may be used in any subsequent disciplinary actions against the employee.

- (b) An employee shall be permitted to view his/her personnel folder once a year upon request, and when an adverse personnel action is initiated against the employee by the State. The view shall be in the presence of a designee of the State and held at such time as the State may prescribe.
- (c) Upon an employee's written request, any material in his/her personnel folder of an adverse nature, with the exception of disciplinary actions, personnel transactions and evaluatory statements concerning work performance, shall, if over five years old, be removed from the personnel folder. Upon an employee's written request, such material may, if over three years old, be removed at the discretion of the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts).
- 23.9 Orientation Kits. When an orientation kit is supplied to a new employee in a title covered by this Agreement, only the Union which represents such new or promoted employee shall be permitted to have Union literature included in this kit. Such Union literature shall be subject to the reasonable approval of the Deputy Director for Labor Relations.
- 23.10 Payment Upon Death Arising Out of Employment. If an employee dies during the term of this Agreement because of an injury arising out of and in the course of the employee's employment through no fault of the employee, and in the proper performance of the employee's duties, a payment of \$100,000 will be made from funds other than those of the Retirement System in addition to any other payment which may be made as a result of such death. Such payment shall be made to the employee's beneficiary, or if no beneficiary is designated, payment shall be made to the employee's estate.

- 23.11 **Resumption of Deductions.** To the extent practicable and allowed by the State Comptroller, all of an employee's payroll deductions shall be resumed when an employee returns from a leave.
- 23.12 **Identification Cards.** The State shall replace identification cards and shields damaged, broken or lost in the performance of duty.

JOB ABANDONMENT

- 24.1 Any employee absent from work without authorization for 14 consecutive calendar days shall be deemed to have resigned from his/her position if the employee has not personally contacted his/her court or court-related agency on or before the 15th calendar day following the commencement of such period of absence without authorization.
- 24.2 Within the first seven days of said absence without authorization, the court or court-related agency shall send notification to the employee with a copy to the Union, by certified mail, return receipt requested, that the employee's absence is considered unauthorized and is deemed to constitute resignation pursuant to this Article. The notification shall contain a referral to the Work/Life Assistance Program established in Article 16 of the Agreement.
- 24.3 Within 15 calendar days commencing from the 15th consecutive day of absence from work without authorization, an employee may submit an explanation concerning his/her absence to the court or court-related agency. The burden of proof shall be upon the employee to establish that it was not possible for him/her to report to work or notify his/her court or court-related agency of the reason for his/her absence. The court or court-related agency shall issue a short response within five calendar days after receipt of such explanation. If the employee is not satisfied with the response,

the Union, upon the employee's request, may appeal the response to the Deputy Director for Labor Relations within five calendar days after receipt of the court or court-related agency's response. The Deputy Director for Labor Relations, or his/her designee, shall issue a written response within five calendar days after receiving such appeal. Determinations made pursuant to this subsection shall be arbitrable. Both the Deputy Director for Labor Relations and the arbitrator, in rendering their decisions, are entitled to consider the employee's participation in the Work/Life Assistance Program.

ARTICLE 25

BENEFITS FUND

- 25.1 Upon execution of the Agreement, the State shall contribute a non-recurring one-time lump sum appropriation in the amount of \$5,000.00 on the date of execution of this Agreement for remittance to the Union's Benefits Fund.
- 25.2(a) The State's contribution to the Union's Benefit Fund in effect on April 1, 2010, shall remain in effect except as modified below.
- (b) Effective April 1, 2014, the State shall contribute a pro rata annual sum of \$1,330 per active employee for remittance to the Union's Benefits Fund. A pro-rata contribution of \$665.00 to such Fund shall be made by the State for part-time and per diem employees provided they are working on a regular basis at least half the regular hours of full-time employees in the same title.
- (c) Effective April 1, 2015, the State shall contribute a pro rata annual sum of \$1,340 per active employee for remittance to the Union's Benefits Fund. A pro-rata contribution of \$670.00 to such Fund shall be made by the State for part-time and per diem employees provided they are working on a regular basis at least half the regular hours of full-time employees in the same title.

- (d) The State shall contribute a pro rata sum of \$785 per employee retired since April 1, 1977 for remittance to the Union's Benefits Fund in each fiscal year of the Agreement.
- 25.3 The State and the Union shall enter into a separate Supplemental Benefits Fund Agreement which shall specify the obligations of both parties regarding implementation, activities and reporting requirements of the Fund; method and calculation of payments to the Fund; the right and authority of the State Comptroller or the Unified Court System to audit and/or review the financial records of the Fund; and the indemnification of the State for liability regarding Fund activities.

ARTICLE 26

DAY CARE DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

The Day Care Development Committee shall continue, composed of representatives from the State and the Union. The Committee shall develop guidelines and procedures for the implementation of this Article.

ARTICLE 27

FLEXIBLE BENEFIT SPENDING PROGRAM

- 27.1 The Flexible Benefit Spending Program established to provide employees with an opportunity to increase their spendable income by paying for all or part of health insurance premiums, selected benefits such as child care, elder care and dependent care with pre-tax dollars shall continue.
 - 27.2 The State shall secure whatever legislation is necessary to implement such programs.

ARTICLE 28

DRESS CODE

Employees whose duties are performed in work places which are accessible or visible to the general public shall wear appropriate business attire. For purposes of this Article, the term "appropriate business attire" shall be defined as follows:

- (a) for male employees: business suit, dress shirt and tie; or sports coat with coordinated shirt, trousers (jeans not acceptable) and tie;
- (b) for female employees: a dress; or skirt with coordinated blouse/sweater/dress shirt; or slacks (jeans not acceptable) with coordinated blouse/sweater/dress shirt; and, at the employee's option, a jacket; and,
 - (c) business shoes.

The application of this provision shall be subject to the grievance procedure.

ARTICLE 29

REIMBURSEMENT FOR PROPERTY DAMAGE

Effective with the execution of this Agreement, the State agrees to provide for the uniform administration of the procedure for reimbursement to employees for personal property damage or destruction as provided for by Subdivisions 12 and 12-c of Section 8 of the State Finance Law and to provide for payments of up to \$350. Allowances shall be based upon the reasonable value of the property involved and payment shall be made against a reasonable release. A Labor/Management Subcommittee shall be established to resolve disputes regarding reimbursement under this Article.

ARTICLE 30

AGENCY SHOP

The parties agree to agency shop to the extent permitted by law.

ARTICLE 31

SALARY COMPUTATION

Biweekly salaries will be computed on the basis of ten workdays.

ARTICLE 32

SEVERABILITY

In the event that any portion of this Agreement is found to be invalid by a tribunal of competent jurisdiction or superseded by federal statute (i.e., Fair Labor Standards Act), then such provision shall be of no force and effect but the remainder of this Agreement shall continue in full force and effect. Upon the issuance of such decision, then either party shall have the right immediately to reopen negotiations with respect to a substitute for such provision which has been held to be invalid.

ARTICLE 33

CONCLUSION OF COLLECTIVE NEGOTIATIONS

This Agreement is the entire Agreement between the State and the Union, terminates all prior agreements and understandings and concludes all collective negotiations during its term. During the term of this Agreement, neither party will unilaterally seek to modify its terms through legislation or any other means. The parties agree to support jointly any legislation or administrative action necessary to implement the provisions of this Agreement. The parties acknowledge that, except as otherwise expressly provided herein, the Union waives any rights to further negotiations during the term of this Agreement inasmuch as the parties have fully negotiated with respect to the terms and

conditions of employment and have settled them for the term of this Agreement in accordance with the provisions thereof.

ARTICLE 34

CONFLICT WITH AGREEMENT

Where the Rules of the Chief Judge and Chief Administrative Judge conflict with this Agreement, the provisions of this Agreement shall prevail.

ARTICLE 35

APPROVAL OF THE LEGISLATURE

IT IS AGREED BY AND BETWEEN THE PARTIES THAT ANY PROVISION OF THIS AGREEMENT REQUIRING LEGISLATIVE ACTION TO PERMIT ITS IMPLEMENTATION BY AMENDMENT OF LAW OR BY PROVIDING THE ADDITIONAL FUNDS THEREFOR, SHALL NOT BECOME EFFECTIVE UNTIL THE APPROPRIATE LEGISLATIVE BODY HAS GIVEN APPROVAL.

ARTICLE 36

DURATION OF AGREEMENT

The term of this Agreement shall be from April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2016.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be signed by their representatives on $\sqrt{22}$, $\sqrt{2015}$.

THE STATE OF NEW YORK-UNIFIED COURT SYSTEM

Lauren P. DeSole
Acting Director of Labor Relations

Frances Oneto

THE COMMUNICATIONS WORKERS OF AMERICA, AFL-CIO, ON BEHALF OF ITS LOCAL 1180

Arthur Cheliotes, President

SALARY SCHEDULES OCTOBER 1, 2014 APRIL 1, 2015

	OCTOBER 1, 2014 SALARY SCHEDULE										
Grade	Increment	Hiring Rate	1st Year	2nd Year	3rd Year	4th Year	5th Year	6th Year	Maximum	1st Longevity 2	2nd Longevity
JG-501	1,196		21,695	22,891	24,087	25,283		27,675	28,871		31,263
JG-502	1,256		22,503	23,759	25,015	26,271	27,527	28,783	30,039	31,295	32,551
JG-503	1,311		23,631	24,942	26,253	27,564	28,875	30,186	31,497	32,808	34,119
JG-504	1,381	23,303	24,684	26,065	27,446	28,827	30,208	31,589			35,732
JG-505	1,462		25,808	27,270	28,732	30,194		33,118			37,504
JG-506	1,518		27,272	28,790	30,308	31,826		34,862	36,380		39,416
JG-507	1,584		28,817	30,401	31,985	33,569		36,737	38,321		41,489
JG-508	1,648		30,449	32,097	33,745	35,393		38,689			43,633
JG-509	1,731		32,137	33,868	35,599	37,330		40,792			45,985
JG-510	1,807		33,999	35,806	37,613	39,420		43,034			48,455
JG-511	1,891		36,009	37,900	39,791			45,464	47,355		51,137
JG-512	1,963		38,103	40,066	42,029			47,918	49,881		53,807
JG-513	2,054		40,341	42,395	44,449			50,611	52,665		56,773
JG-514	2,144		42,711	44,855	46,999				55,575		59,863
JG-515	2,232		45,207	47,439	49,671			56,367	58,599	60,831	63,063
JG-516	2,343		47,737	50,080	52,423			59,452			66,481
JG-517	2,462		50,438	52,900	55,362			62,748	65,210		70,134
JG-518	2,579		53,349	55,928	58,507			66,244	68,823		73,981
JG-519	2,698		56,272	58,970	61,668						77,856
JG-520	2,817		59,205	62,022	64,839						81,741
JG-521	2,939		62,401	65,340	68,279	71,218	74,157	77,096	80,035	82,974	85,913
JG-522	3,073		65,771	68,844	71,917		78,063	81,136	84,209		90,355
JG-523	3,198		69,327	72,525	75,723	78,921	82,119	85,317	88,515	91,713	94,911
JG-524	3,316		73,103	76,419	79,735	83,051	86,367	89,683	92,999	96,315	99,631
JG-525	3,463		77,193	80,656	84,119	87,582	91,045	94,508	97,971	101,434	104,897
JG-526	3,608		81,326	84,934	88,542	92,150		99,366	102,974		110,190
JG-527	3,729		85,848	89,577	93,306			104,493	108,222		115,680
JG-528	3,868		90,462	94,330	98,198	102,066	- 105,934	109,802	113,670		121,406
JG-529	4,017		95,312	99,329	103,346	107,363	111,380	115,397	119,414		127,448
JG-530	4,155		100,412	104,567	108,722			121,187			133,652
JG-531	4,295		105,888	110,183	114,478			127,363	131,658		140,248
JG-532	4,429		111,697	116,126	120,555			133,842	138,271		147,129
JG-533	4,567		117,908	122,475	127,042			140,743			154,444
JG-534	4,705		124,361	129,066	133,771			147,886			162,001
JG-535	4,835		130,982	135,817	140,652			155,157			169,662
JG-536	4,986		137,705	142,691	147,677		157,649	162,635	167,621		177,593
JG-537	5,114		145,153	150,267	155,381			170,723	175,837		186,065
JG-538		142,485									

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	APRIL 1, 2015 SALARY SCHEDULE										
Grade			1st Year	2nd Year				6th Year	Maximum	1st Longevity	2nd Longevity
JG-501	1,220		22,129								31,889
JG-502	1,281										33,202
JG-503	1,337										34,801
JG-504	1,409		25,176								
JG-505	1,491	24,835									38,254
JG-506	1,548		27,820	29,368	30,916	32,464	34,012	35,560	37,108	38,656	40,204
JG-507	1,616	27,776	29,392	31,008	32,624	34,240	35,856	37,472	39,088	40,704	42,320
JG-508	1,681	29,377	31,058	32,739	34,420	36,101	37,782	39,463	41,144	42,825	
JG-509	1,766	31,012	32,778	34,544	36,310	38,076	39,842	41,608	43,374	45,140	
JG-510	1,843	32,837	34,680	36,523	38,366	40,209					
JG-511	1,929	34,800									
JG-512	2,002										
JG-513	2,095		41,149		45,339						
JG-514	2,187		43,565	45,752	47,939						
JG-515	2,277	43,832	46,109	48,386	50,663	52,940	55,217	57,494	59,771	62,048	
JG-516	2,390	46,301	48,691	51,081	53,471	55,861	58,251	60,641	63,031	65,421	
JG-517	2,511			53,960			61,493	64,004	66,515	69,026	71,537
JG-518	2,631				59,676	62,307		67,569	70,200	72,831	
JG-519	2,752									76,662	79,414
JG-520	2,873									80,503	83,376
JG-521	2,998										87,632
JG-522	3,135				73,354						92,164
JG-523	3,262			73,976					90,286	93,548	96,810
JG-524	3,382										101,623
JG-525	3,532	75,207	78,739	82,271	85,803	89,335	92,867	96,399	99,931	103,463	106,995
JG-526	3,680	79,274	82,954	86,634	90,314	93,994	97,674	101,354	105,034	108,714	112,394
JG-527	3,804	83,759	87,563	91,367	95,171	98,975	102,779	106,583	110,387	114,191	
JG-528	3,945	88,329	92,274	96,219	100,164	104,109	108,054	111,999	115,944	119,889	123,834
JG-529	4,097	93,124	97,221	101,318	105,415	109,512	113,609	117,706	121,803		129,997
JG-530	4,238	98,183	102,421	106,659	110,897	115,135	119,373	123,611	127,849	132,087	136,325
JG-531	4,381						125,530	129,911	134,292		
JG-532	4,518	109,411									
JG-533	4,658										
JG-534	4,799	122,050									
JG-535	4,932					148,396	153,328				173,056
JG-536	5,086	135,372	140,458	145,544	150,630	155,716	160,802	165,888			181,146
JG-537	5,216			153,274	158,490	163,706	168,922	174,138	179,354	184,570	189,786
JG-538		145,335									

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APPENDIX A

JOB TITLES OR POSITIONS INCLUDED WITHIN THE COMMUNICATIONS WORKERS OF AMERICA, AFL-CIO, ON BEHALF OF ITS LOCAL 1180

Assistant Court Analyst
Administrative Services Clerk
Court Analyst
Senior Administrative Services Clerk
Principal Administrative Services Clerk

1. COMPENSATON AND LOCATION PAY

EUGENE W. MYERS
CHIEF OF OPERATIONS

LAUREN DESOLE, ESQ.
DIRECTOR, DIVISION OF HUMAN RESOURCES

January 13, 2015

Arthur Cheliotes, President
Communications Workers of America
NY Administrative Employees
Local 1180
6 Harrison Street
New York, New York 10004

Re: Compensation and Location Pay

Dear Mr. Cheliotes:

This will confirm our discussions concerning the economic package negotiated between the Communications Workers of America, AFL-CIO, on Behalf of its Local 1180 ("Union") and the New York State Unified Court System ("Court System") for the 2011-2016 collective bargaining Agreement.

The Court System is fully committed to reaching agreements that provide nonjudicial employees with compensation increases that are sustainable in these challenging fiscal times.

In addition, as we discussed at length in negotiations, the current amount set for location pay for comparable employees in the Executive Branch has remained at \$3,026 since 2008 and the Executive Branch contracts that cover the same time period do not provide for an increase. However, if a successor agreement covering the time period 2011-2016 is reached with any Court System union that includes an increase to location pay or to the cumulative value of the annual percentage increases and the bonus, such increases would be extended to eligible employees of your Union.

Very truly yours

Lauren P. DeSole

c: Honorable A. Gail Prudenti Honorable Fern A. Fisher Ronald P. Younkins Eugene W. Myers

- 2.1 LEAVE DURING RECESS
- 2.2 OVERTIME AUTHORIZATION
- 2.3 OUT-OF-TITLE-WORK

EUGENE W. MYERS

LAUREN DESOLE, ESQ.
DIRECTOR, DIVISION OF HUMAN RESOURCES

January 13, 2015

Arthur Cheliotes, President
Communications Workers of America
NY Administrative Employees
Local 1180
6 Harrison Street
New York, New York 10013

Re:

2011-2016 Agreement Between the State of New York-Unified Court System and the Communications Workers of America, AFL-CIO, on behalf of its Local 1180

Dear Mr. Cheliotes:

The following satisfies the State's obligations to clarify the collective bargaining Agreement reached between the State of New York-Unified Court System ("State") and the Communications Workers of America, AFL-CIO, on behalf of its Local 1180 ("Union"), for the period April 1, 2011 through March 31, 2016:

1. Leave During Court Recess

(a) Pursuant to Section 9.2(n) of the collective Agreement, the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts) will determine whether a court recess will be taken and, if so, which courts or departments will recess. Where possible during a period of court recess, employees who volunteer to be absent and charge annual leave or compensatory time shall be allowed to do so.

After utilizing volunteers, if additional employees are required to be absent during a court recess, employees who have annual leave or compensatory time will be required to charge such credits. Employees who do not have sufficient leave credits and are required to be absent during a period of court recess shall be allowed to carry a negative annual leave accumulation balance until such employee has earned sufficient annual leave

credits or compensatory time to restore him/her to a positive leave balance. An employee with a negative leave balance shall not be allowed to use compensatory time or annual leave credits earned until the negative leave balance has been eliminated. If an employee separates from service prior to the elimination of the negative leave balance, such negative leave balance shall be deducted from the employee's last paycheck.

- b) Employees who charged four (4) days of annual leave or compensatory time during the 2014 court recess will be returned two days (14 hours) of the time charged. Employees who charged three (3) days of annual leave or compensatory time during the 2014 court recess will be returned one day (7 hours) of the time charged. These amounts are pro-rated for part-timers. In the event that an employee was advanced time, a proportionate amount of time will be deducted from the amount of time that is recouped from the employee.
- c) During the 2015 court recess period, employees may report to work for up to two (2) days and shall not be required to charge leave credits.
- 2. Overtime Authorization: Employees may be directed by their Chief Clerk or County Clerk, as appropriate, to perform overtime work. Employees so authorized will be paid for overtime, if eligible, pursuant to Article 10, Overtime, of the Agreement.
- 3. Out-of-Title-Work: Each party may remove one arbitrator from the out-of-title work panel established pursuant to Article 17 of the Agreement during the life of the Agreement.

Very truly yours

Lauren P. DeSole

c: Honorable A. Gail Prudenti Honorable Fern A. Fisher Ronald P. Younkins Eugene W. Myers Maria Logus

3. AUTOMATED TIME-KEEPING SYSTEM

EUGENE W. MYERS
CHIEF OF OPERATIONS

LAUREN DESOLE, ESQ.
DIRECTOR, DIVISION OF HUMAN RESOURCES

January 13, 2015

Arthur Cheliotes, President Communications Workers of America NY Administrative Employees Local 1180 6 Harrison Street New York, New York 10013

Re: Automated Time-Keeping System

Dear Mr. Cheliotes:

- 1. Overtime Eligible Employees: The Kronos system is configured to register an overtime eligible employee's presence for his/her scheduled shift in the following manner. The system will register a swipe within the scheduled start of an employee's shift to five minutes after and reflect that the employee was present at the start of the shift. Similarly, a swipe within 15 minutes preceding the scheduled end of an employee's shift will reflect that the employee worked until the end of his/her shift. This will provide the same flexibility presently available to overtime eligible employees when they are not approved to work overtime and choose to swipe within 15 minutes before and after their shift starts and ends. Specific information captured concerning the time a swipe registers, within the parameters detailed above, will not be used by management as the sole basis for raising a concern about an employee's presence at the beginning or end of the employee's shift.
- 2. <u>Meal Period</u>: Employees shall not be required to swipe in or out for their meal period during their scheduled shift.
- 3. Appointments During the Employee's Scheduled Shift: Where an employee is excused from work for an appointment and is expected to return to work before the end of his/her shift, the employee shall not be required to swipe out for the appointment or in upon the employee's return to work. This does not impact in any way upon the rules and procedures set forth in Article 9 that set the requirements for use of leave time for appointments during the workday.
- 4. <u>Meal Period and Overtime</u>: When an employee works overtime on a day the employee is not scheduled to work his/her regular shift, a meal period will not be assumed and automatically deducted. Rather, the employee will be paid

for overtime hours worked.

- 5. <u>Overtime Ineligible Employees:</u> Overtime ineligible employees shall not be required to swipe for timekeeping purposes.
- 6. <u>Method of Time-Keeping</u>: The method of recording time on a computer-based time-keeping system whereby overtime eligible employees record their time using a swipe card, will not be replaced by a new time-keeping system with time recorded by a new method (e.g., digital or retinal scan) absent agreement with the Union prior to implementation.

Very truly yours,

Lauren P. DeSole

c: Honorable A. Gail Prudenti Honorable Fern A. Fisher Ronald P. Younkins Eugene W. Myers Maria Logus

4. WORKER'S COMPENSATION – INJURED IN AN ASSAULT

EUGENE W. MYERS
CHIEF OF OPERATIONS

LAUREN DESOLE, ESQ.
DIRECTOR, DIVISION OF HUMAN RESOURCES

January 13, 2015

Arthur Cheliotes, President Communications Workers of America NY Administrative Employees Local 1180 6 Harrison Street New York, New York 10013

Re: Workers' Compensation – Injured in an Assault

Dear Mr. Cheliotes:

The following satisfies the State's obligation to clarify the collectively negotiated Agreement reached between the State of New York-Unified Court System and the Communications Workers of America, AFL-CIO, on Behalf of its Local 1180, for the period April 1, 2011 through March 31, 2016, as it pertains to Workers' Compensation Benefits:

The State will grant a workers' compensation leave benefit to employees who incur an occupational injury or disease, as defined under the Workers' Compensation Law, through "assaultive" circumstances as more specifically outlined below.

(a) An employee necessarily absent from work because of an occupational injury or disease as defined under the Workers' Compensation Law, and incurred in "assaultive" circumstances, shall be granted leave from her/his position for the period of absence necessitated by such injury in accordance with the provisions set forth below. For purposes of this section, an "assault" shall include any injury incurred through an assault to the employee, an injury suffered by the employee in the pursuit of a criminal or an injury incurred while coming to the aid of an employee, member of the public or in response to an emergency. An employee requesting leave under this section must submit a request for such leave benefit to the Deputy Director for Labor Relations on forms to be established. Such request must be submitted within 25 workdays of the occurrence of the injury or the first day of absence due to the injury, whichever is later. The Deputy Director for Labor Relations shall waive the time limitation on filing such request where he/she determines that a medical condition existed which prevented the employee from complying with such time limitations.

- (b) An employee absent on leave under this section must remain at home and be within telephone communication of the Deputy Director for Labor Relations, her/his designee. If, for any reason, the employee must be away from home, he/she must leave a forwarding telephone number and location with the Deputy Director for Labor Relations, her/his designee.
- (c) In the event that leave pursuant to this section is denied, the State shall provide a statement in writing of the reasons for such denial. Leave under this section may be withheld or terminated if:
 - (1) the employee's claim for benefits under the Workers' Compensation Law is controverted by the State Insurance Fund (at the request of the State or on the initiative of the State Insurance Fund). If final determination of the controverted claim is in favor of the employee, eligibility for leave shall be determined as provided in accordance with this letter for all absences necessitated by the occupational injury or disease;
 - (2) the Workers' Compensation Board determines that the disability resulting from such injury or disease is not compensable;
 - (3) there is good and sufficient reason to believe that the employee could report for work on a full- or part-time basis;
 - (4) the employee has not submitted satisfactory medical documentation of the claimed disability upon request;
 - (5) the employee fails or refuses to submit to a medical examination conducted by a physician selected by the State and at the expense of the State;
 - (6) the employee fails or refuses to submit a timely request for such leave;
 - (7) it is determined that the employee is employed on a full- or part-time basis outside the Unified Court System;
 - (8) the employee failed to obtain prior permission during her/his regular hours of work to leave her/his home while on workers' compensation leave;
 - (9) the State, in its discretion, determines that an employee should return to work on a light-duty basis even if a doctor determines that the employee is medically disabled; or,

- (10) the employee's services would have terminated or ceased under law, rule or regulation.
- (d) An employee who is granted leave under this section shall be allowed leave at full pay without charge to leave credits for a period not to exceed six months for each separate injury or disease; provided, however, that the cumulative total of leave shall not exceed the number of hours normally and regularly worked by the employee during the six-month period.
- (e) The workers' compensation leave may be extended for an additional six months upon a determination by a State Insurance Fund physician or consulting physician or a State-selected physician that such employee is not permanently disabled and will be able to return to duty within the additional leave period.
- (f) Should the employee's disability continue beyond 12 months and a determination is made by a State Insurance Fund physician or consulting physician or a State-selected physician that the employee is not permanently disabled and will be able to return to work within the additional leave period, the employee will be granted leave under this section for a period not to exceed an additional six months.
- (g) The Deputy Director for Labor Relations or his/her designee may, at approximately the tenth month of utilization of workers' compensation leave, have an employee examined by a State Insurance Fund physician or consulting physician, or State-selected physician, to determine if the employee is permanently incapacitated from performing his/her duties as a uniformed employee. If it is determined that the employee is permanently incapacitated, the Deputy Director for Labor Relations or his/her designee will notify the employee by certified mail, return receipt requested with a copy to the Union, encouraging him/her to file for disability retirement, or any other retirement benefit that may be available and appropriate, prior to the 12th month of such workers' compensation leave. Such notice shall indicate that should he/she choose not to file for disability or other retirement by the end of the 12th month of workers' compensation leave, the employee shall not be eligible for the additional leave provided under Section 9.4(i).
- (h) If, at any time, it is determined that the injury or disease incurred by the employee may be of such nature as to incapacitate the employee from the full performance of duties either permanently or for the duration of the period for which workers' compensation leave can be granted, the Deputy Director for Labor Relations or his/her designee will notify the employee by certified mail, return receipt requested with a copy to the Union, encouraging him/her to file for disability retirement, or any other retirement benefit that may be available and appropriate, prior to the 12th month of workers' compensation leave. Such notice shall advise the employee should

he/she choose not to file for disability or other retirement by the end of the 12th month of such leave, he/she shall not be eligible for the additional leave provided under Section 9.4(i).

- (i) If an employee has applied for disability retirement under sections (g) or (h), and exhausts eligibility for workers' compensation leave under this section prior to a determination regarding the application for disability retirement, leave shall be granted for up to an additional six months.
- (j) If it is subsequently determined that an employee was not entitled to workers' compensation leave with pay without charge to leave credits, for any period for which such employee was granted such leave as provided in this letter, the employee shall be required to make reimbursement for such paid leave from current or subsequent accumulations of leave credits at a rate and in a manner to be determined by the Deputy Director for Labor Relations.
- (k) In order to enable the State to make such determinations as are authorized or required in this letter, the Deputy Director for Labor Relations may, at any time, require an employee to provide medical documentation of the disability satisfactory to her/him or to be examined at the expense of the State by a physician designated by the State.
- (I) The leave benefit enumerated in this letter shall not be construed to require extension of any employment beyond the time at which it would otherwise terminate by operation of law, rule or regulation or to require the granting of any leave benefits provided herein solely because of determinations made by the Workers' Compensation Board.

Workers' Compensation Leave - Extraordinary Circumstances

In addition to the above-described leave benefit, in the sole discretion of the Deputy Chief Administrative Judge (New York City Courts), employees may be eligible for leave under Section 9.5(k), *Other Leaves*, for injuries incurred through extraordinary circumstances.

Very truly yours,

Lauren P. DeSole

c: Honorable A. Gail Prudenti Honorable Fern A. Fisher Ronald P. Younkins Eugene W. Myers Maria Logus